Development Contributions Policy Contents Page Submissions No. 401-552

Sub	Organisation	Name	Page
No.			No.
	Foxton Historical Society, Te		1
	Ripo o Hinemata Trust, Ngati		
412	Ngarongo	Te Kenehi Teira	
415	Proarch Consultants Limited (agent for FRP Investments Limited, FRP Agricultural Limited and Heritage Estates (2000) Limited	Amanda Coats	5
444		Colleen Burgess	11
445		John Olifent	15
446		Philip and Shona Davis	21
447		Vivienne Bold	27
452		Karen and Stephen Prouse	35
453		Evangeline Rodie	41
454		Dean Tukapua	47
455		Leone Brown	53
456		Gwuneth Schibli	59
457	Truebridge Associates Limited	Roger Truebridge	66
458		Geoff Ritchie	72
459		Kevin Miles	78
460		Jan Alenkna	84
461		Mark Conroy	90
462		Eric Walker	97
469		Charles Rudd	107
473	G+DJ Timms / Timms Farm Ltd	Diana Timms	132
478 LATE	RW MacKenzie trading as Bramber NZ Ltd	Rhona MacKenzie	139
479		Sonja Hart	145
480		Sarah Chambers	151
481		Kevin Hari	157
482		Karyn Read	163
484		John Girling	169
487		Tony Phillips	175
488		Neil Warren and Jan Savage	181
492		Bruce Pacey	187
494		AJ Paddison	193

495 LATE	Chris Philpott	201
496		207
LATE	Maria and John Monk	
497		213
LATE	Anita Joanne Mulay	
552		219
LATE	John Lawrence	

Submission No. 412

Long Term Plan 2021-2041 - Submission Form



Submission date: 19 April 2021, 3:58PM

Receipt number: 153
Related form version: 2

Contact Details

Title: Mr Te Kenehi Teira Full Name: Foxton Historical Society, Te Ripo o Hinemata Trust, Name of Organisation: Ngati Ngarongo Postal Address: 32 Avenue Road **Foxton** 4814 Postcode: Telephone: 0272628890 Mobile: Email: kenehiteira@gmail.com

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on **No** the Long Term Plan?

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Yes

Hearing?

If yes, please specify below: In person

Do you require a sign language interpreter? No

|--|

If yes, please specify translation details below:

Topic One - Foxton Pool

Comments: Please upgrade the building housing the pool.

No

Topic Two - Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Tick below to identify your preferred option:	Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
Comments:	The Foxton Pool, Foxton Court House, Foxton

The Foxton Pool, Foxton Court House, Foxton

Memorial Hall, DP to include protection of wahi tapu,
wahi tupuna and historic places to be scheduled,

Matakarapa Plan of the Governance Group to be
completed.

Draft Development Contributions Policy

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions	No
Policy at a hearing?	

What activities do you think development contributions	Stormwater
should be collected for as a source of funding growth	Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields,
infrastructure?	activity centres, playgrounds and more.

intrastructure?	activity centres, playgrounds and more.
Comments:	The Levin East Stormwater project should be
	consulted over with the landowners of the Koputaroa
	Stream. The Foxton Courthouse should be upgraded
	as part of the Historic Museum Reserve owned by the
	council. The Foxton Memorial Hall should be funded
	to earthquake strengthen the building.

Which approach do you think should be used?	Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.
Comments on Catchments:	The whole district should fund historic and hall buildings along with the Foxton Pool.
Do you agree with this approach?	No
Comments on Time of payment:	The council should fund their own buildings.
Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?	No
Comments on Reductions:	

Topic 3 - Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Tick below to identify your preferred option:	Option 2: Status Quo - Differential where businesses
	pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and
	District Wide properties pay 65%

Comments:

Topic Four - Changes to the General Rate

Tick below to identify your preferred option:

Comments:

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Do you have any other comments about the draft

No

Revenue and Financing Policy?

If yes, please provide comments:

Draft Rates Remission Policy

Do you have any comments or suggested changes on the Rates Remission Policy?

The Te Ripo o Hinemata wetlands at Koputoroa should continue to have full rates remission.

Financial Strategy

Have we got the balance right between rates increases Yes and debt levels?

Comments:

Community Outcomes

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community? Yes

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we Partnership with Tangata whenua will be a priority. It shouldn't be?

should start with hapu directly for each area particularly where they are landowners.

Additional Comments

Please identify any additional comments you have on what is proposed as part of Council's Draft Long Term Plan 2021-2041.

Ngati Raukawa need a formalised MOP asap. The hapu of Kereru should be consulted on the northern expressway and stormwater effects into the Koputoroa Stream. The 3 Waters matters should be worked through with Hapu as well as iwi. Ihakara Gardens needs new pathings and headstone writing. The names of reserves need to be given Te Reo Maori names especially at Foxton Beach.

Attach any other comments:

RECEIVED ON 19/04/2021

Yes

O No

If yes, please specify below:

Submission No. 415

If yes, please specify below:

Page 5





Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title: Ms Full Name: Amanda Coats on behalf of proarch Consultants Limited as agent; Name of Organisation: FRP Investments Limited and Her, tage Estates (2000) Cimited,
Name of Organisation: FRP Investments Limited and FRP Agricultural Limited and
FRP Agricultural Limited and
Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan? Yes No

O Yes No

OIn person Szoom Subject to Covid 19 Level.

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		V		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	V	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
ick below to identify your preferred opti	on	A 15.	** -		
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure	e Pool	IVEL	ETRAC.		
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		_			
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure P	ool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Poo	ol	_			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

No. The Council morease
on annual net debt limit
appears to be unsustainable.
The Council options should
include enabling partnerships
with developers to build the
infrastructure required at
their cost to councils
Standards.
Page 6

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	-
Wastewater treatment	(
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	\
community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-k neans different contribution amounts would apply to e additional contribution for major expenses related just	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-keneans different contribution amounts would apply to eadditional contribution for major expenses related just could use such as everyone paying the same.	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an to them, however there are other approaches Council
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-keepenses different contribution amounts would apply to eadditional contribution for major expenses related just	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-kineans different contribution amounts would apply to endditional contribution for major expenses related just could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used? District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them. District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these	Developer led infrashidus The level of Council Sericing So Mat The barriers to developer are nonved to Some

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

O Yes No not completely

for subdission is supported.

(b) In relation to building consents a site that is brownfield should not attract further

developme whoe fell Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

O Yes



There is insufficient
information in the
notified information
to support or appose
the submitter agrees
that reductions should
be available but the
shresholds should be
clear and not subject
to alleration or unknowns.

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the <u>differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate</u> should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Pate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

The subsufer is apposed to the proposed changes to the rations differentials. The notified information appears to be un clear and 15 complex to another stand the outcome infended areases sulting

putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

increases and debt levels?

Have we got the balance right between rates

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable growth as urban properties. The existing differential treates though they do not have the same large footprint and land leads a response for one like the contraction of the contrac	d value. The questionaire
to the	I notified material. The
Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide). Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	changes to the ratings differentials. The supplied information suggest a respect of rates of applied i.e. a highest and best use approach rather than what the
	and is. Classifications in the
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	Neutral-but
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Ves No	the debt Linits are not sustainable.
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and	Debt levels one unsustainable. Low borrowing rates exist corrently, but one subject to Change

Page 9

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes	O No	NEUTRAL.	
Are we r	nissing some	thing, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?	

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540

Submission No. 444

Long Term Plan 2021-2041 - Submission Form



Submission date: 19 April 2021, 4:34PM

Receipt number: 157

Related form version: 3

Contact Details

Title:	Mr
Full Name:	Colleen Burgess
Name of Organisation:	
Postal Address:	214 Wallace Road Levin
Postcode:	5571
Telephone:	021 1488 362
Mobile:	
Email:	tandcburgess@slingshot.co.nz
Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement or the Long Term Plan?	n No

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **No** Hearing?

If yes, please specify below:

Do you require a sign language interpreter? No

Do you require a translator?

If yes, please specify translation details below:

Topic One - Foxton Pool

Tick below to identify your preferred option:

Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure Pool

Comments:

Topic Two - Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Tick below to identify your preferred option: Option 1: Using development contributions as the key

source of funding for growth infrastructure, in

combination with other sources.

Comments:

Draft Development Contributions Policy

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions No

Policy at a hearing?

What activities do you think development contributions

should be collected for as a source of funding growth

infrastructure?

Roading

Water supply

Wastewater treatment

Stormwater

Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields,

activity centres, playgrounds and more.

Comments:

Which approach do you think should be used?

District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them.

Comments on Catchments:

Do you agree with this approach?

Yes

Comments on Time of payment:

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

Comments on Reductions:

Topic 3 - Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Tick below to identify your preferred option: Option 1: Remove Differential - All ratepayers pay the

Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Comments:

Topic Four - Changes to the General Rate

Tick below to identify your preferred option: Option 1: Creating a Farming differential - Differential

No

Yes

that only applies to Farming properties with a

differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide)

Comments:

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Do you have any other comments about the draft

Revenue and Financing Policy?

If yes, please provide comments:

Draft Rates Remission Policy

Do you have any comments or suggested changes on the Rates Remission Policy?

Financial Strategy

Have we got the balance right between rates increases **Yes** and debt levels?

Comments:

Community Outcomes

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes **Yes** reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Additional Comments

Please identify any additional comments you have on what is proposed as part of Council's Draft Long Term Plan 2021-2041.

Attach any other comments:



Submission No. 445

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Subillissions can be.	Contact Details
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-po, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) O Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title:
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: John Olivert Name of Organisation:
Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz	District Council
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 777 Gladstone Rend Post Code:
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Mobile: Email: Johnol. Part Q xtra. co. nz
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan? O Yes No
Hearing of Submissions	1 9 APR 2021 HOROWHENUA DISTRICT
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing? Yes No If yes, please specify below:	Do you require a sign language interpreter? O Yes No No Do you require a translator? O Yes No If yes, please specify below:
O In person O zoom	Page 15

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	V	
25m Pool	1	✓	1	V	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	V	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	V	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16,02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred opt	ion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisur	re Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ool	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a cource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
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The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to ead ditional contribution for major expenses related just to	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to ea additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used?	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to each additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same.	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to each additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used? District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them. District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

25



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Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

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To	n	C	m	16	e	e
			•	-		_

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Ne	2el	Ho	onsu	re	
Cay	2. 50	l Va	atration	ap a	100
ul	2	to	da	e	

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
Yes ONO	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

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1		N	0

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:

Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o

Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download

> from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

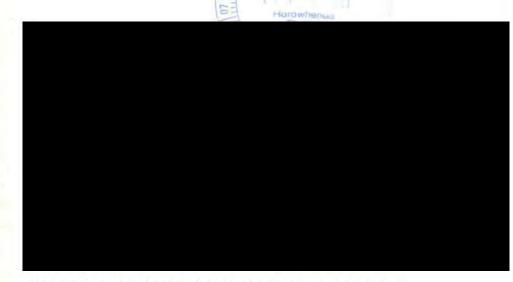
Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Mr + Mrs Title:

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

and

Name of Organisation:



Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?







Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?





If yes, please specify below:

) In person () zoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	V	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26,61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred optio	n				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure Po	ool				
♂Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Pool					
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how. Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?) Yes **Activities** What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure? Roading Water supply Wastewater treatment ✓ Stormwater Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more. **Catchments** The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used? Object: District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them. O District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme. Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district. Other (please specify)

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

Yes	(No

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





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Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option



Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.



Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide). Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes	O No

Are we missing something, o	focusing on s	something we	shouldn't be?
-----------------------------	---------------	--------------	---------------

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

	ovided to Council by no later than 4p	m, Monday 19 April 2021
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Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-po, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		ails for your submission to be considered) to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Name of Organisation: N	A . B. Annumber
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz		Council
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 155 M	Post Code: 5571
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nleuwe Stroom and	Telephone: 02743 Mobile:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Shannon Library. Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback as on the Long Term Plan?	part of pre-engagement

Do you wish to present your	•
submission to Council at a	
Hearing?	





If yes, please specify below:

OIn person Ozoom

Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	✓	✓	1	\	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	V	1	1	
Splashpad	V		1		
Upgrade change rooms	V	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	V		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	V		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Fick below to identify your preferred op	tion	If Do	Via a a la a	atta class	ed Courc
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	0 1	a P	1 /	1
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		fund	a bu	5 ,400t	van lev
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	for s	wimme	J.	
♂Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	ool	_			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility		-			

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

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Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?

What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure? Roading Water supply Wastewater treatment Stormwater - Run - off Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more	Council needs to develop all of these Maybe not so much Roading Next three-les including Waste Management. Trolosed is a page from Solid Waste Management- Showing the amount of Leakage from Dump site done.
	0
community infrastructure. It is also proposing schemeans different contribution amounts would apply	osing to use district-wide contributions for roading and ne-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposition of the Community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme means different contribution amounts would apply additional contribution for major expenses related justice of the Could use such as everyone paying the same.	ne-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an just to them, however there are other approaches Council Growth areas Causing the Problem.
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Do you agree with this approach?

-	/	
	Y	PS



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Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
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Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

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) No

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Topic Three

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Tick below to identify your preferred option	Why not coptil gains/value
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	vate for all
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Schemes. Saying this is which Conneil has been 2018! 162:2% of Robers.	Your preparation was to put it out there in the public. Finances prove you want/need \$300 millian to do pur just for towa that Caladistone Green; putting maney away for stitunce ers are on limited Budgets. our engineering planning has re a more of Rate payer maney doing would thorowhering. Not replacements.
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	There is no balance harmony in these communities.
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
○Yes ØNo	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

commu	nity?				
O Yes	O No				
Are we	missing something, or	focusing on so	mething we shou	ıldn't be?	
-					

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540

Solid Waster Management Report March 2021 - Landfill at Hokio



There were **twenty-four exceedances** of the resource consent conditions in samples from the Hokio Stream during the November 2020, December 2020, and January 2021 sampling rounds; these are summarised as:

- For all sampling rounds (November 2020, December 2020, and January 2021), most of the results for scBOD5 exceeded the ANZECC AE (95%) trigger value for HS1A (new), HS1, HS2, and HS3. The only exception was in January 2021 for HS1A (new) which was below the trigger value.
- For December 2020, nitrate-n exceeded the ANZECC AE (95%) trigger value at HS1A (new), HS1, HS2, and HS3
- For December 2020 and January 2021, dissolved copper exceeded the ANZECC AE (95%) trigger value at HS1A (new), HS1, HS2, and HS3.
- For November 2020, dissolved zinc exceeded the ANZECC AE (95%) trigger value at HS3.

The difference between the sites is marginal and shows little to no change in concentrations between upstream and downstream sites. For some parameters there may be an apparent decreasing trend downstream but this is not consistent over all parameters and may even increase slightly for some parameters. Therefore, this suggests that any influence found is likely the result of upstream sources and not the old (closed) landfill.

3.0 GAS DETECTION IN MONITORING WELLS

Condition 4 of Discharge Permit 6011 requires that: "...groundwater monitoring wells shall be sampled for landfill gas when groundwater samples are taken from the wells. As a minimum, sampling shall be undertaken for methane, carbon dioxide and oxygen..."

In the past, gas monitoring results were reported in the Annual Report. A recommendation of the 2019-2020 Annual Report is that this should be done every quarter so that if any results are unusually high, that appropriate action can be undertaken, including putting safeguards in place at bores.

Appendix E summarises the results of gas testing undertaken on 05 January 2021.

- Methane was detected in various amounts in 20 of the 23 groundwater monitoring bores.
- The highest recorded level was 0.94% in Bore D4, which is 9,400ppm and is 5 times below the lower explosive limit. Another nine bores also recorded levels above 5,000ppm.
- These results are significantly higher than recorded in the past and it is important to determine the reasons for this. It may be that there is an accumulation of methane that disperses rapidly once the bore cover is removed. If the reading is taken immediately in removing the cover then it is also suggested that a further reading be taken at the end of the groundwater sampling procedure to determine if it has changed. It is also possible that a different instrument is being used compared to the past. This matter should be discussed with Downer.
- The elevated methane results require that health and safety measures are adopted around the groundwater monitoring bores, as for the landfill gas extraction wells. No smoking should be permitted by personnel who undertake the groundwater sampling when in the vicinity of the groundwater wells, besides adhering to the landfill rules about no smoking at the site.

4.0 DISCUSSION

4.1 SAMPLING QUALITY CONTROL AND ASSURANCE

The landfill extends over a significant area and there are many sampling locations. However, it is important that the length of the sampling period is kept as brief as possible because a sampling period that is too long may make comparisons of results between rounds and individual monitoring locations less valid. This current monitoring round was carried out over a 19-day period between 24 December 2020 and 11 January 2021. This is a longer timespan than the previous monitoring round which was 15 days. This monitoring period is slightly longer than the recommended period (i.e. obtaining all samples within 7 days) and therefore the results must be interpreted with some caution.

Determinant	Units	ANZECC AE (95%)	Consent Trigger Values (Table C1)	HS1A (new)			HS1			HS2			HS3		
				Nov	Dec	Jan	Nov	Dec	Jan	Nov	Dec	Jan	Nov	Dec	Jan
Dissolved Boron	mg/L	0.370	-5.5	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.06
Dissolved Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	Med. 0.0002	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Dissolved Chromium (VI)	mg/L	0.001	-	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
Dissolved Copper	mg/L	0.0014	Med. 0.0014	0.0013	0.0019	0.0017	0.0012	0.0019	0.0014	0.001	0.0018	0.0016	0.0011	0.0018	0.0014
Dissolved Iron	mg/L	-	3-11	0.028	0.057	0.058	0.027	0.057	0.035	0.036	0.113	0.056	0.031	0.078	0.06
Dissolved Lead	mg/L	0.0034	Med. 0.0034	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025
Dissolved Manganese	mg/L	1.9		0.0016	0.0062	0.0043	0.0020	0.0075	0.0040	0.0026	0.0321	0.0036	0.0050	0.0086	0.0032
Dissolved Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	Med. 0.0006	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025
Dissolved Nickel	mg/L	0.011	Med. 0.011	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025
Dissolved Zinc	mg/L	0.008	Med. 0.008	0.001	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.008	0.001	0.001

Notes:

NR = Not reported

Bold - denotes an exceedance of the ANZECC AE 95% protection level trigger values

All `<' values have been reported as half the detection limit for statistical purposes and are expressed in italics



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Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		etails for your submission to be considered nt to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: Karen a	nd Stephen Prouse
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz		
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether		
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Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback a on the Long Term Plan? Yes No	s part of pre-engagement
Hearing of Submissions		
Do you wish to present your	Do you require a sign	Do you require a translator?

Do you wish to present	your
submission to Council a	ta
Hearing?	
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If yes, please spe	ecify below:
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language interpreter?

0	Yes
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If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	√	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	V		✓	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	-			
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	ool				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option. Option 1: Using development contributions as the	
key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?





Activities

What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?

- Roading
- Water supply
- Wastewater treatment
- Stormwater
- Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.

Development Contributions We are concerned that applying to individual Plans og Tara-1 fairly applied by the Council For instance developers should only

required to provide infrastructure of the scale pertaining only to their individual developmented not infrastructure or land pertaining to wider storm water requirements. Developers should not be required to vest parks etc with the Council just because these are drawn on their land. Parks, playgrounds and land for this should be financed by Development Contributions.

Catchments

The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same.

Which approach do you think should be used?

- District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them.
- District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme.
- Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.
- Other (please specify)

We have some questions
around the implications of the
government grant to fund major
infrastructive for Tara-Ika.
If the Council has received a
grand we should not be.
paying twice.

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

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Do you agree with this approach?

Ø	Yes



Reductions

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- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





What controls will be placed on this to ensure these decisions are applied equitibly and are subject to cross checks a accountability controls?

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

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Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Pag	ge	38

Changes to the General Rate

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Tick below to identify your preferred option	
/	
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O Yes O No	
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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Yes	O No
162	0110

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

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Submission No. 453 Horowhenua

Page 41

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

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Submissions must be pr	rovided to Council by no later than 4	lpm, Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details	
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library. Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540 Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz Completed online or are	Please tick this box if you wanted the Mys Full Name: Evange Name of Organisation:	Harowhenus District Council
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Tokton Telephone: 06 - 36 Mobile: 01 150 5	
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form. Hearing of Submissions	Did you provide feedback as on the Long Term Plan? Yes No	s part of pre-engagement FIVED 1 9 APR 2021 HOROWHENUA DISTRICT COUNCIL
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing? Yes No If yes, please specify below:	Do you require a sign language interpreter? Yes Yes	Do you require a translator? Yes No If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	V.	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	V				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
rick below to identify your preferred option	on				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure	2 Pool	-			
⊘ Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure P	ool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Poo	ol	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
○ Water supply	
○ Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-means different contribution amounts would apply to eac additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same.	scheme contributions for the three waters, which in scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-means different contribution amounts would apply to eac additional contribution for major expenses related just to	scheme contributions for the three waters, which in scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach? ✓ Yes No			
	•		
_			

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

0	Yes
---	-----

No

m		

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Remove Differential All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.	
Option 2: Status Quo	

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	•
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
○ Yes	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

commun	nity?
O Yes	O No
Are we r	missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. 454 DISTRICT COUNCIL

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be pro	ovided to Council by no later than 4	4pm, Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details	
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Please tick this box if you wa	etails for your submission to be considered) ant to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Name of Organisation:	er i lakapya
Emailed to: tp@horowhenua.govt.nz		2 P APR "BZ) Horowhenus District
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/	Postal Address: 7A	
GrowingOurFutureTogether	Levin	Post Code: 55 10
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Mobile: 0212495 Email: Cleantukap	
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted	Did you provide feedback a on the Long Term Plan?	s part of pre-engagement
with th <mark>i</mark> s form.	Yes No	PE 1 9 APR 2021
learing of Submissions	*.	B HOROWATENUA DISTRICT COUNCIL
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing? Yes Yes Yes, please specify below:	Do you require a sign language interpreter? Yes No	Do you require a translator? Yes No If yes, please specify below:
In person zoom		Page 47

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	✓			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	D			
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	ool	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

It goes without saying new development needs
Water, Stormwater or
Seviage as a major
part of clavelopment.
This should be largerly
funded by the
Developers not the
rate payers Page 48

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a cource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
 Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more. 	
community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to ea	r-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ch scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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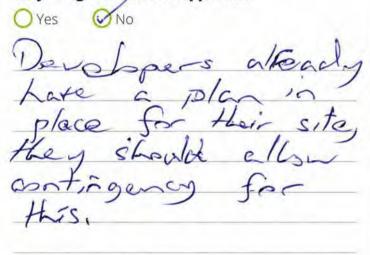
Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?



Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





Pice are gains up will inflation it should be spring up not being reduced

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Pag	۾	50
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Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
O Yes	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
O Yes No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Yes

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

techica

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No.

Page 53

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:	Contact Details
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe	(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title:
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: Leone Brown Name of Organisation:
Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz	
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pŏ, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?
	Yes No 19 APR 20
Hearing of Submissions	HOROWHENUA DISTRICT COUNCIL
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?	Do you require a sign language interpreter? O Yes No No Do you require a translator O Yes No If yes, please specify below:
If yes, please specify below:	

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			V	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	V		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22,00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion 5/	If the	pool is	closed	then
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	Cancil	could s	closed ivvey for	xtan
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					f Hou
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	. 1	nity to t	0	iting
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ool		support o	0 1	s service
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility		to Leyr	aguat	ic Conti	re.
	Option	41 Sec	isonal c	utdoor	could be
achieved by sensor	wind the	roof			

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	absolute must for these to be introduced.
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the I contributions are collected and how.	Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what
Do you wish to speak to the Development Contril	outions Policy at a hearing?
○ Yes	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure? Roading Water supply Wastewater treatment Stormwater Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	a contribution should be earmailed for all 5 activities but more so community infrastructure Shared pathways connecting to CBD is a must.
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-b means different contribution amounts would apply to ea	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which
additional contribution for major expenses related just t could use such as everyone paying the same.	
Which approach do you think should be used?	for green spaces, sharel
District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them.	pathways, parks and recreation in growth
O District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme.	areas
Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.	
Other (please specify)	

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

O Yes



I consider payments for development contributions could be staged over three payments but all awed contributions should be complete at time a lot is marketed for sale.

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





-					
To	01	C	Γh	re	e

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

- Option 1: Creating a Farming differential
 Differential that only applies to Farming properties
 with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1
 (District Wide).
- Option 2: Status Quo
 Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income,
 District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.

7 1 P
To maintain fourness
to all in the District I
consider the removal of
the Business and farming
General rate differential to
General rate differential to be more equitable
V

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.

Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?

O Yes

ONO

I consider more homework is needed on this policy. There appear to be many ing figures and predictions

Financial Strategy

To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?

O Yes



I am strongly opposed to raising the net clebt limit to 250%.

I consider the rate rise intended is unaffordable to this district given 2/3 pop is low income Raises never go down, they continue to rise. To suggest after loyears that they will is obsuscenting the 2957 with.

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community.

The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Yes

O No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

You need to get Outstanding Environment became part
of an Environment policy. There is no funding for the

Environment in the LTP so not sure how Cauncil will
achieve this - nice words but no substance.

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609





Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



✓ In person ○ zoom

Submission No. 456 Horowhenua

Page 59

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be pr	ovided to Council by no later than 4	pm, Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details	15 16 17 18 16 17 18 16 A
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		etails for your submission to be considered) nt to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: Gwyneth	Schibli 80/50/10/50 10
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz		2 T APR 1021
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 2 Ngai	o Street, Levin. Post Code: 5510
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Telephone: 06 36739 Mobile: 02118062 Email: wgschiblia	.18
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback as on the Long Term Plan?	s part of pre-engagement
Hearing of Submissions		
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?	Do you require a sign language interpreter? Yes No	Do you require a translator? Yes No If yes, please specify below:
Yes No		is yes, pieuse specify below.

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			V	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	V	1	
Splashpad	1		✓		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion	0		, 0	0 1:1
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	Provide	ed best va	Juefor ex	penditure
♥Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		Levin as	o needs si	nort term.	fature upgro
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	-			
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ool				

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

Option 5: Permanently Close Facility

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- (b) Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

BOTH. Developers already pay for initial installations and Ratepayer users should contribute to general long term maintenance
So-agree in principle but not on specific differentials.
As for everything else, ALL Dev Con's should be equal across district.

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do	you wish to s	peak to the	Development	Contributions	Policy at a	hearing?

) No

Activities

What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?

- Roading
- Water supply
- Wastewater treatment
- Stormwater
- Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.

Community infrastructure of parks and reserves should be user pays. Rates across the district NOT by development contributions. Initial roading is payed by developer so maintenance should after be by ratepayers. We have huge problems with water and sewage supply and will need more Dev. Con's. to solve them

Are there aquater plans available for subterranean Eastern Levin to Ohau? Plans or investigations for bore availability options?

Catchments

The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same. Future reportation work on any

Which approach do you think should be used?

- District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them.
- District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme.
- Y Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.
- Other (please specify)

community Council owned asset will be the same cost regardless of area of occurance Therefore contributions should be the same regardless of place in the district Too high development fees stopped Levin in the past. This can happen again with the

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- Abuilding consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

Yes



Agree in principle but only for newly permitted work after July 1 2021.

Should not apply to already permitted projects.

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

()	Y	e	S
	•				



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- 100	101	E 1		4.5	е
		_			

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

rick below to identify your preferred opti	on
--	----

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

-	iple.	

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

- Option 1: Creating a Farming differential
 Differential that only applies to Farming properties
 with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1
 (District Wide).
- Option 2: Status Quo
 Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income,
 District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.

Generally agree but oppose the 0.5-1 ratio because rural holding definitions are too vague and many smaller agri-only units are tied to larger production farmed blocks and are NOT undeveloped lifestyle blocks

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.

Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?

Over ONO projects e.g. Donnelly lark

Agree in principle bud seems a wasteful difference between renewal of infrastructure and other "wanted

Financial Strategy

To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?





Wish to	Keep debit-to-income ratio
	200% Projected population
	should balance this.
Only nee	ds a minor increase in interest
	- debt to compound.
	Υ.

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Oves Ono Mostly but 2 wears stand out for me.

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

1) Protection for Class 1 a 2 land. Horticulture. It is critical. We have no protection for Class 1 a 2 land to stop being built over. In NZ only 75% horticultural land is left Horowhenia provides 33% of NZ green vegetables. A major asset of our region bud not even mentioned on the basic 20yr plan. It is too vulnerable a needs to be identified and protected of all costs as NZ needs to remain self sufficient.

We no longer grow veges at home. We cannot lose even 1 m² of this asset.

Thank you for 2) Alternative Transport. Cycling in Levin is a sick joke your submission Hard to find mention on HDC website, New provisions, Queen /

behind angle parked cars Queen to Kent Str. 16 bike parks in Levin none provided by Privacy Act 1993 H.D.C. Nothing even at H.D.C. etc., etc., etc., no space. Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609





Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540 G E Schibli, 2 Ngaio Street, Levin 5510

STROTEGIC.
Planning Department?
Horowhenua District Council,
126 Oxford Street,
Levin





Dear Madam, Sir,

Re; previous request for infrastructure details for Tara-Ika.

It is more than 2 months that I left a first request at the HDC desk.

I have not received a reply back from the Council – even to acknowledge receipt of letter.

I requested details and a map of the proposed new pipe structure installations for the circumference of the new Tata-Ika subdivision.

That is, for the pipe sizes and the positioning of the water mains supply, sewage removal and road stormwater provisions for Gladstone Road, Tararua Road, Queen Street East and Arapaepae Road, plus if any provision is being made for a collection line, east/west, through the centre of the subdivision.

As government monies have been gifted and loaned for this project, I assume that a map of this system is readily available and certainly must be completed before work can start.

I want this information as part of my Tara-Ika submissions and to date can only say that this information has, for whatever reason, been withheld from me.

Trusting to hear from you as soon as your convenience allows,

Gwyneth Schibli



Submission No. 4

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be pro	ivided to Council by no later than 4pm,	Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details	Hiprowhenus
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details Please tick this box if you want to Title: MR	The same and the s
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Name of Organisation: TRUE	RUEBRIDGE EBRIDGE ASSOCIATES
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz	LIMITED	
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 522 Qu	NEEN STREET Post Code: 5510
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Telephone: 06 368 6. Mobile: 027 472 Email: roger@truebr	7191
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form. Hearing of Submissions	Did you provide feedback as pa on the Long Term Plan? Yes No	

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **Hearing?**

V Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Do you require a sign language interpreter?

) Yes



Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Page 66

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	✓	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	otion	Not	submittii	ng on	this
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	ire Pool	topic		1	
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		which	•		
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	rool	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

We would like to see more detail on how these costs were calculated.

Contributions should be balanced & moderated across the district.

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
Vhat activities do you think development ontributions should be collected for as a ource of funding growth infrastructure?	
 ✓ Roading	
Water supply	
✓ Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
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Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to each additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used?	r-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ch scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

_/
VYes
162



We agree with payment at 224 stage.

We do not agree with payment at Building Consent

Stage.

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

O	Yes
V	Yes



Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Not	submitting.	on	this
topic	. ~		

Yes

O No

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

 Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide). Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income. 	Not submitting on this topic.
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy. Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	Not submitting on this topic.
Financial Strategy To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	Not submitting on this topic.
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

VYes



Are we missing someth	ing, or focu	ising on so	mething v	we shou	uldn't b	e? , ,	1 1	
Infrastructure	will	either	hind	er o	r ei	ng ble	developm	ent.
HDC needs to	make	sure	that	we	get	this	right	50
that infrastra	acture	acts	95	a	cat	a/yst	to deve	elopment,
Infrastructure	develo	pment	shou	101	he e	environ	neutally	/
sustainable.							V	

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. 458 Horowhenua

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:	Contact Details	sic.
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		etails for your submission to be considered) nt to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: Geoff Name of Organisation:	RITCHIE
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz		Horowhenus District Council
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 76 &	UEENWOOD RD Post Code: 55/0
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Mobile: 027 373 +57	4576 (06) 927 9281
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback a on the Long Term Plan? Yes No	s part of pre-engagement
Hearing of Submissions		1 9 APR 2021
Oo you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?	Do you require a sign language interpreter? O Yes No	Do you require a translator? Yes If yes, please specify below:
f yes, please specify below: In person zoom		

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	√	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			V	V	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	V		V		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	V	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisur	re Pool	-			
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
♦ Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
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Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

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Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a cource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
→ Water supply	
→ Wastewater treatment	-
◯ Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
Catchments	
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- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

Yes	○ No		
_			

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





- 100		ree
1000		

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option



Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.



Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Pag	ge	75

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even

though they do not have the same large footprint and I	and value.
Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
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Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	l'agree with the HARRAI submission which calls for a Fiduciaix Buty of Case Policy
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	Again, the HORRHI submission Seems to point to some macainately presented dato Could this be cleased up?

Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?

capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.





Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

/	1/
	Yes
	100

D	N	-
	ľN	r

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

	procetiv	ce plans	ti achieve	an	not swing outstander
	environ	ment in			
ruan /	water Predator C	control.	13 tection	g the N	light Sty
5	rould these	so an o	nvionnen	+ an	noniHee

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



(No

If yes, please specify below: OIn person Ozoom

O Yes

Submission No.

Page 78

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:	Contact Details	
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Please tick this box if you wa Title:	nt to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Name of Organisation:	rander Mes
Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz		District Council
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 44 R	Post Code: 5570
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Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Email: Kmiles.sw	right@ gmail. Com
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback a on the Long Term Plan? Yes	
Hearing of Submissions		
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?	Do you require a sign language interpreter? O Yes No	Do you require a translator? Yes No If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	V	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	V		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	✓				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
rick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	loc				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this s a good idea?	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

O Yes ONo	
Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to ear additional contribution for major expenses related just to	scheme contributions for the three waters, which scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

W	Yes



Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





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Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Pag	۾	81
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Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes	ONo			
Are we	missing something, or fo	ocusing on something w	e shouldn't be?	

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540





) In person () zoom

Submission No. 460 Horowhenua

Page 84

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:	Contact Details	
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details for you please tick this box if you want to keep Title: 105	
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: JAN ALEKA Name of Organisation:	Harowhenus Disartes Council
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz		1
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 172A B	Post Code: 5510
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Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Email: janalelenaci	gmail · com
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Hearing?	O Yes No	Yes
Yes // No If yes, please specify below:	lf y	es, piease specify below:

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Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	V	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	V	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		V	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44,53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
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Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

Developers should "MOST DEFINATELY" be penying Why would you even consider dumping all the extra arto your already struggling ratepayers.

Do you have enough boctors to cover all plasse extra people because heres not enough NOW!

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure? Roading Water supply Wastewater treatment Stormwater Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	All of it! The houses they are being extremely well paid for will house people who will create extra pressure on all those ammerities.
Catchments	
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Time of payment

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Do you agree with this approach?





Oharge when openhing the development consent then you won't be chassing up unpaid contributions long after the development is built + sold.

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





No excusor for reduction If your people are capable and efficient in their and efficient in their areas of expertise they will have it right first time.

In one many developes would be able to convince their evennie buddies on council they are westing of a reduction so NO! NO!

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

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Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Residential growth would suggest more people using the businesses so loave as is

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

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 Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income,
 District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.

Rural properties not ferminer should be paying their share like every one else.

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.

Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?

Yes No

This council has one of the worst gross debt

Stop trying to be bigger fish Then you are.
Hire yourselves some decent accountants,
(neutral ones) lister to them a stop trying to
bankrupt our town.

Financial Strategy

To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?





Lodge t lorge number of your citizens: They are low income or beneficieries. Do you seriously think their incomes up by Lobis. 7.5% annually. NO! But everything they read to service does. Cut some of your

more stupid plans with the over inflated price tags ie - Novald Nuck Park Spoketh Pad + Start thinking more about your constituents.

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes

O No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Instead of lostering after del boys chub get more realistic quotes for some of your projects. Pake in Save randationt was a six month "Joke". 20 men shood watching one man on a roller most days. And the result of the same project is ... "bigger traffic jams" yay.

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540





Hearing?

O Yes No

If yes, please specify below: OIn person Ozoom

Submission No. Horowhenua

If yes, please specify below:

Page 90

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

	ovided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021
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Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: MARK CONROY Name of Organisation:
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_/	
TA	110-
W	Yes



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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Wes ONO	

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes

(PNO

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

D'Improve the Standard of Living in Levin with Considered infrasture planing for proposed water development. - see attached.

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540

Submission to HDC long term plan

Update of HDC District Map: designation of the old National Grid Corridor running through Levin

Transpower has informed HDC that the old National Grid high voltage transmission Line (originally running from Mangahao to Paraparaumu) was decommissioned in 2017. HDC should therefore remove the designation from the District map as there is no legal easement for the lines on the land titles of affected private property.

<u>Property owners were not consulted</u> when Transpower then onsold the lines to Electra for Levin's local electricity network. Now Electra refuses to remove the lines, insisting that they have the right to keep their power poles on private land.

The proposed Tara-Ika subdivision still has these power poles which will significantly affect urban development plans both there and in surrounding areas. Removing the designation of the corridor from the district plan will require Electra to review the design of their electricity network, rather than assume that local ratepayers will eventually cover the cost of removing the poles.

Thank you

Sally and Mark Conroy

1121 Queen St East

Levin 5571

Cell 022 310 5048





Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be pro-	vided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details 2 1 / PR 321
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Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: EME MICHAEL JALKER Name of Organisation:
Emailed to: tp@horowhenua.govt.nz Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/	
GrowingOurFutureTogether Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted	Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?
with this form.	O Yes ONO NOT SURE of Meaning. DID VIA MESSENGEN POST Some of my Thoughts

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **Hearing?**





If yes, please specify below:

OIn person Ozoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?







Do you require a translator?

-	
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If yes, please specify below:



Page 97

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	V	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	✓	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	IF may	12 601	A. Magn	1. 1
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		11 Opn	ON X MIN.	Be up gre	N. A.
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	When,	Icon amic	STUATION	mploves
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	loc				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

EVEN HAVE * MY MESSLAVION

Draft Development Contributions Policy If Qouncil reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how. Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?) Yes **Activities** MAIN Source of FUNDING growth What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure? Roading INFRASTANTIMO Water supply Wastewater treatment Stormwater Community infrastructure such as parks, Community in this my otune such as sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more. PARKS etc should be put on the BOCK BURNER of this Time, WITH perspos Sportsfields being an If aprion Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used? District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them. District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme. Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district. Other (please specify) Not save to meening of HDC's term - Glowth' is it the spirally out of contral Property Valuation on which notes are fixed? First So long as the Repressions are not the songet a leader trial property places map.

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

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Do you agree with this approach?

NETTHEN NOX-But Both Zogether
The development commission could
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Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





Developers can Be helped By
Ho HOC Accepting payments oven the
period of the development's STANT To
Completion.

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

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Same It is they have NO CONTROL OFFER OF WHALET Prices

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Tick below to identify your preferred option

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NOSD a Cose Senario. CLOWNOT SAY on % Jigues AGBIN UTS UNFAIR JOK FIXED INCome familes to pay UN AFFERDANCE Rates - I it is unpice for out of Town people to PAY FOR INTOWN GENERAL Rates

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy

Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.

Do you have any other comments about the

draft Revenue and Financing Policy?

See provided Commet or what is FAIR ON Not.

Vyes

Le Revenue o FINANCIA Policy is jurde mestally Skewed - NEBD A Royal Commission to NVESTRATE Governmence in gattering levens & FINDANCOS.

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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?

Come up with a "Bosiness" plow - in

GOMING MIXED MESSages Ran HDC. CHronicle printed A fates of table That is why why DIFFENENT TO THIS SATEMENT - 17 is this INCONSISTING that under MINES Buy Confidence in. He INDOSHIP & Governce of the HDC The History of the Deperapes Contribution is A Prime & Armple of the HDC SHIJTING to GOAL POSTS, MAKING IT IM POSSIBLE TO GIVE ION IFON EST OPINION Page 101

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

1	Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua
l	community? Dogs ISM is fine But It's DESTRUCTIVE When IT OVER RDES TOBLEY.
	Oyes ONO HOLD on to the DEM while LIVING in the RENOLITY - DO NOT LIVE IN TO IDEM
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	MISSING the UNDONBELLY of HomelessNESS, Poverty etc. Not
	all life is the Hope when is pretty pretty pretty protos THOUNG the Tulips,
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	Community. We Do Not WANT SY ON PATHY ON EVEN EM PATHY - WE
	Need Concrete flow of ACTION to BRING ALL in OUR Commenty up -
	As it somes part of the Community is prospering to the EXPENSE of the
	Kesto

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609





Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



19 April 2021

Yes, it would be wonderful to have unlimited means and build the 'utopia' of our dreams, but not now the economic winds are against risk taking, the 'Bull Market' cannot last.

"Money makes money" and is not concerned with how.

Believe the Debt and ability to service the debt ratio should be 77% the USA is now 200% and Japan at 237% and many, many more are in dire straits, add to this pending global crisis, the personal debt level of the people, and there is reason for great concern. Yet the HDC proposes to go beyond Japan, to a cloud piercing 250% of its operating income, which was disastrously high at 195% this can only be described as most reckless.

Instead of having all the bells-and-whistles, state of the art ambiance, a trimming of the cloth to fit the purse would be a more prudent way to go. Jettison Debts.

Trust is toughened by Transparency. There is no Trust where Secrets abound.

Do not be lulled into a false sense of security, for we are NOT over the Covid-19 disruption, in fact the Pfizer CEO Albert Bourla believes Covid-19 inoculations will become an annual affair. Worldwide COVID-19 death toll tops a staggering 3 million, and climbing.

The over reliance on Rates (48%) puts a most stressful burden on the low-income earners and is unsustainable, especially since rates are tied into the **artificially** highly speculative priced housing market. A business person would look at both the Quick Ratio **and** the Current Ratio, it is criminal for any council to hike up rates to improve their liquidity and asset portfolio in order to present a strong investment opportunity for out of district investors. It is a very simple stratagem, in order to increase borrowing – raise the Rates, so that the lender can see the liquidity ratio is acceptable.

What do the terms 'fair' and 'equitable' really mean? The cartoon below gives three scenarios, the fence being the rates. They could also depict 1) Poor governance 2) + 4) Result of poor governance 3) Good governance.

1st frame everybody pays their share. (Poor governance)

2nd frame rate take compared to personal income (the little fellow has to pay two-thirds of income, putting him in a dangerous financial position, should the fence be raised, or adverse economic winds blow.

3rd frame the systematic **reliance on rates** as HDC's main source of income is removed and each is happy to enjoy this beautiful district to the full. Yes, rates will still be required, but not be an unbearable burden. (Good governance, as it utilises **every** source of funding)

4th frame is an eyeopener it clearly shows the business structure is a 'Pyramid' where top management dictates to the lower levels and if the 'Pyramid' becomes top heavy ... what then? Or if the base collapses due to over taxation ... what then?

EQUALITY VERSUS EQUITY



in the first prage it is assumed that everyonwill be each from the same upports. They are being treated aqually.



In the second image, individuals are given different supports to make it posses for them to have indual access to the jume. They are forting metallicity, and posses for the proposition.



In the third image, all three can see the game without as supports or accommodation because the cause of the megusty was addressed. The systemic barrier the been immoved.



Note when turned on its side the pyramid structure. The lower income carners paying relatively more in relation to real income.

The top echelon of the business model is supported by the large base that are required to use up their resources to feed the few at the top. <u>Trickle-down effect was debunked decades</u> ago, it is a myth.

A feature of a 'pyramid' scheme is that, they rely on a large base pouring in money for a prosperous future that is always just around the corner, just around the corner, just the corner, corner

Definition of a model: A model is an imitation of the real thing.

Good Governance

- 1) Works within budget. Does not over extend its authority.
- 2) Steers community through good/bad times with same level of care
- 3) Able to differentiate between community's needs & wants
- 4) Always puts Community before policies.
- 5) Fosters healthy, open dialogue, and trust with the community.
- 6) Brings community with them; not drives community from the rear.

An old saying; A bird never fouls its own nest. Is the HDC house in order?

Is the HDC inhouse Variable expenses, trimmed to the bone? Salaries, Wages, Office Equipment/Furnishings, Power Account, Canteen and Entertainment costs, needless interior decorating to use up unspent monies, all such items, as well as Fixed expenditure, such as legally required insurances etc are dead money, in that they do not generate an income, and can amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars of Ratepayer's money, if not kept in check. Is governance top heavy?

This is a legitimate question as it is ratepayer's money that is funding them. One recent example was the granting with full pay, four days leave as the staff deserved it (re Covid-19) other councils gave one day, and some two days, but cash strapped HDC gave four.

Ratepayers went through just as hard a time, do we get four, rate-free days?

Another extravagant use of ratepayer's money is seen in the fantastic new footpath in Queen Street West, surely common old top soil would have been fine, instead of manure to finish off the grass area.

We are all familiar with the story of the Emperor's new clothes, everyone was encouraged to look at the detail, see how fine and desirable, how intricate and pleasing to the touch, the invisible cloth is. The devil is in the small print ready to bog us down in overload of information, the never ending, prosperity *just-a-step-away*, twenty-year plan is today's 'invisible cloth' and a child called P. Demic pointed and said "Look the HDC has no cloths."

Of course, the details are going to present a sales pitch in favour of the proposal, accountants can make figures say whatever the accountant wants them to say. The details divert our attention away from the 'elephant in the room' – that borrowing is reliant on the rates income, which in turn is <u>riveted</u> to the grossly over inflated, artificial speculative housing market. The word parochial comes to mind, this proposal is too narrow in its vision.

The rates to personal income ratio, should be 1 to 1.05, that is, for every dollar earned by the individual, they pay 5% of earnings in rates. Good governance would work within this limit.

This proposal is like aiming at a grey, shapeless misty promise in the grey, gloomy halls of parliament, which are full of grey, shapeless misty promises.

That the Council has spent six months of Ratepayer's money in trying to fit a square peg into a round hole, is regrettable, and shows a lack of understanding of good governance.

This proposal should be struck down, invited submissions are to be made on a moving target, full of assumptions, of 'Maybes' of 'Perhaps' of 'We are looking ats'. There is no leadership, no sound governance in this proposal.

Sum nomy of the Development Commission SAGA: 2015 to Council Stopped to De.
2015 to Convail Stopped to De.
1 Day Me WAR THEN THE PART THE
NONE of These excuses Stack up with Reality see Howelewa Carmicle NONE of These excuses Stack up with Reality See Howelewa Carmicle NONE of These excuses Stack up with Reality See Howelewa Carmicle Proper MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPER MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 16 & HC. Privary April 9, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PROPERTY MARCH 26, 2021 p. 33. The HDC PR
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Su Walker



Submissio

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Horowhenius

Submissions can be



Delivered to:

Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.



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Shannon Library.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title: Submitter

Full Name: Charles Ru

Name of Organisation:

NM

Postal Address: 242 Hokio Beach Road

IEUIN

RDI

Post Code: 5571

Telephone: (06) 368 3567

Mobile:

021 029 787

Email:

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

) Yes

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?





If yes, please specify below:

In person

0	
	zoom

Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?

Yes



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Page 107

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	Vac
	163



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	411	1	1
see	attached	documen	1

Topic Three

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Roading	×
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Yes



Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

See attached Submission Herbs Rull 19 April 2021

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540

Attachment to the Submission Form:

The Horowhenua District Council's

Proposed Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

"Growing our future together

Submitter: Charles Rudd

Monday 19th April 2021

Constructive Criticism:

"You can lead a horse to water, but you can't make it drink"

"You can fool half the people half the time, but you con' fool all the people all the time"

- Others and I lawfully expect that any in coming Commissioners to the Horowhenua District Councils proposed Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041, to declare any Conflicts of Interests attached to the subject matters and not to participate in the Hearing.
- 2. The Long Term Plan Submission Form of 2021 2041, is a distraction toll of questions that leads to HDC's required answers.
- The "Want to see what we're growing" booklet with the Submission Form, is not the same as the "Long Term Plan 2021 – 2041 Supporting Information" of the larger chronicled narratives.

Of which there are more questions to be asked, in regards to if the left hand knows what the right hand is doing?

4. Attachments:

- HDRRA 13 October 2020 Public Meeting advertisement Attachment (1)
 I attended that public meeting, and listened to the debate and concerns aired.
- HDRRA 21 March 2021 Public Meeting advertisement Attachment (2)
 I also attended that public meeting, and listened to the debate and concerns aired, as well
- HDRRA 21 Recommendations
 Attachment (3)

That I Charles Rudd support HDRRA twenty-one Recommendations, because of HDC's seemly lacking in "Fiduciary Duty of Care Policy" seemingly disguised fiscal problems, amongst other matters.

 Wednesday the 14th April 2021, Charles Rudd denied and excluded to have public participation with speaking rights, to be heard and debated in a public forum.

Attachment (4)

Friday the 16th April 2021 news article: "Closed door sessions cause concern"

Attachment (5)

Friday the 16th April 2021 news article: "Some in councils want more openness"

Attachment (6)

......

"What comes first, the chicken or the egg?"

5. "Growing our future together"

One has to ask oneself, is it a pyramid scheme of which those at the top skim off the cream while those at the bottom of the heap inherit the increasing debt of unaffordable inflated cost's?

Questions:

- Where are the Manpower, Machinery and Material for this:
 Assumed Growth?
- Where are all the Doctors, and other health professionals for this:
 Assumed growth?
- Where are all the other matters not thought about in this Assumed Growth?
- · Call an Ace an Ace.
- Assumptions is the Mother of all akin to delirious thinking.

The Long Term Plan 2021 – 2041 Submission Form:

Topic One: Foxton Pool

Question: Did HDC's operations engage with the Foxton Kerekere

Ward community to action a survey on that issue, or are it

just a district numbers game?

Topic Two: Infrastructure: Development Contributions

Option 1 and 2 are manipulations to a required begotten answer expected.

- There is a wrong way, a perceived right way, and an actual another way to do things correctly. Think about it.
- As I read and digest the required questions within the submission form, all I see is the requirements is all up the boo – eye.

Yes, I do wish to speak to the Development Contribution Policy, at a Hearing.

In reference to:

- Activities
- Catchments
- Time of payments
- Reductions

Examples:

- The Proposed Plan Change 4 in the Gladstone Green / erroneous named Taraika area, has not yet gone through the submission Hearing process, as of this 19th day of April 2021.
- Other large development areas such as the North East of Levin, the Roosevelt / East Liverpool Street area, the new housing development off –shoot off Hinemoa Street.
- As above, all this is being rushed through so that these development costs are not landed on certain developers and those certain landowners of today.

As said, those at the top skim off the cream while those at the bottom of the heap inherit the increasing debt of unaffordable inflated cost's?

Questions:

- Where are the Manpower, Machinery and Material for this Assumed Growth?
- Where is the extra Doctors and other health professionals for all this Assumed Growth?
- What else has not been taken into account of this Assumed Growth?

Anyone can have a nanny nap in an office, and hope the right light bulb is switched on, without paying for the consequences.

Topic Three Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate?

Recommend: HDC, to go back to the drawing board,

Topic Four Changes to the General Rate?

Draft Revenue and Financing Policy?

Financial Strategy?

Recommend: HDC, to go back to the drawing board,

Community Outcomes:

- The proposed Community Outcomes do not reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua District. Note that the majority of the Tokomaru residents wanting to vacate from the Horowhenua District.
- · Horowhenua District has become a feudal system of not what one knows, but who one knows. A system constructed built to exclude, not to include.

Vibrant Economy?

For those in the know, and who will personally benefit from

Outstanding Environment?

• It does stand out as the most contaminated and polluted District in the whole of Aotearoa / New Zealand and we all know it.

Fit for purpose Infrastructure?

It depends on who is wearing the shoe, to kick others with.

Partnership with Tangata Whenua?

- · Here we go again. Using Maori kupu that most do not understand. Where is the debate on that? It depends on who's perceived perception. Tangata Whenua means: People of the Land: Is not a New Zealand born Kiwi, a person of the land? Think about it.
- Partnership with Tangata Whenua depends on what goes on behind closed doors inreference to Memorandums of Understandings / Memorandums of Partnerships/ Cultural Impact Assessment reports, with certain particular selected Maori being engaged with any "In Kind" recognition given as a carrot.
- The above can and does pit Maori against Maori, Hapu against Hapu, Tribes against Tribe, in reference to "Divide and Conqueor / Divide and Rule. Greed is the motivational force used, especially on matters of environmental concerns.
- · It has to be said that some members of Governance and Operations are creating Class Distinction and Institutional Racism, by supporting one side against the other. They know who they are. There Rudd/Taare Ika

 There Rudd/Taare Ika

 There Ika

 There Ika

 There Ika

 There Ika

Naku noa na

HOROWHENUA DISTRICT RATEPAYERS AND RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION INC.

PUBLIC MEETING

Your rates are they fair and equitable?

Are there disparities

For discussion

Does HDC asset sales and purchases affect your rates payments?

Total debt is \$118M (including creditors and other payables).

The CE's Delegated Authority to spend \$1M+, often this is hidden.

Failing to regard Resource Consents processes.

Why have Development Contributions?

Consultation with ratepayers and the public.

Can HDC demonstrate a Fiduciary Duty of Care?

DATE:

Sunday 13th October 2020

TIME: 2.30pm

VENUE: St Mary's Church Hall

ADDRESS: Cnr Cambridge St and Manchester Street

Contact: - 06 367 9891, Facebook



HOROWHENUA DISTRICT RATEPAYERS AND RESIDENTS ASSOCIATION INC.

PUBLIC MEETING

TOPIC:

DISCUSSION ABOUT THE LONG TERM PLAN

DATE:

Sunday 21st March 2021

TIME:

2.30pm

VENUE:

St Mary's Anglican Church Hall

ADDRESS: Cnr Cambridge and

Manchester St, Levin

Contact:

Christine (06) 367 9891 Facebook

Advert 19 March 2021

To Include or too exclude The Public participation of Charles Rudd

Wednesday 14 April 2021

Council Chambers

Horowhenua District Council Levin

Council

OPEN AGENDA

Page 45, 7. Procedural motion to exclude the public:

- 1. My korero is not about any accusations about any one or any thing. My korero is about debating an issue of public interest.
- 2. Also my korero is about the Accountability, Credibility, Integrity and Transparency or the lack of, from Council.
- 3. Attached to that, are the ratepayers, taxpayers, and the public's right to know what is going to happen to have input, before it happens.
- Regardless of excuses created by Law, the people all know at times that some created Law's can be an ASS.

Trust and respect has to be earned:

- 5. We, the public citizens, do not vote for our representatives to hide things from us, do we?
- 6. Governance of Council, do not expect the Operations of Council and or paid consultants, to be incompetent and or to hide things from Governance, do they?
- 7. When things are hidden, out comes Assumptions, Accusations, Conspiracy Theories, Intuitions, and rumours amongst other things, and we all know where that leads.

Note: that 'Big Mother's, 5 eyes is watching.

SAS

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8. Therefore, the public and others do have an interest on this matter, if Council has nothing to Hide.

Naku noa na

Charles Rudd snr:

Thirtes Rudd

goodien bogged duly forcicl respondite

Recommendation 1:

Action: Introduce before the 2022 Annual Plan a "Fiduciary Duty of Care Policy" so that the principle of fiduciary care is embedded in all operations, policies and procedures. This requires HDC "seek to balance fairly respective interests of different categories of ratepayers".

HDRRAI wants every person to add this recommendation to their submission ... more influence to enact change!

Legal precedent (1992):
Fiduciary Duty: "seek to balance fairly respective interests of different categories

of ratepayersⁿ Mackenzie District Council v Electricity Corporation of New Zealand [1992] 3 NZLR 41 (CA) at 47.

Misunderstanding of Fiduciary Duty allowed:

- Development Contribution removal: a few developers gained financial benefits.
 HDC did not collect an estimated \$21 million, which became ratepayers' debt
- · Pensioner flats: Selling on an open market may have resulted in a higher price
- Performing assignments then acting after the event to obtain Resource Consents:
 - Matakarapa Waste Disposal, \$603,000
 - "The Pot", \$2.2 million
 - · Fairfield Wastewater scheme \$8+ million

2

1

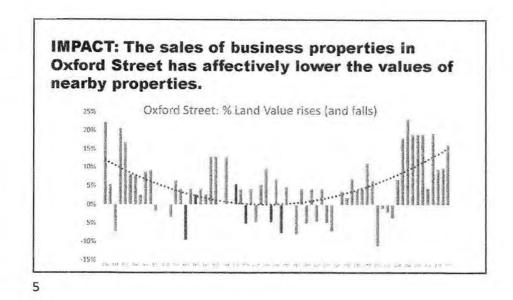
Misunderstanding of Fiduciary Duty allowed low return on Asset Sales in Oxford St (2019)

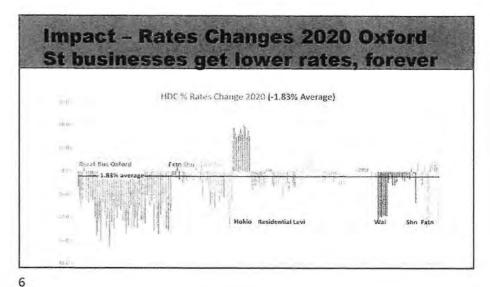


"The one off, discounted from market value sale price, was in recognition of the relationship these leaseholders have had with the Council, in many cases for many years, and the contribution the leaseholders have made to the local community and economy through the businesses they operate out of their buildings".

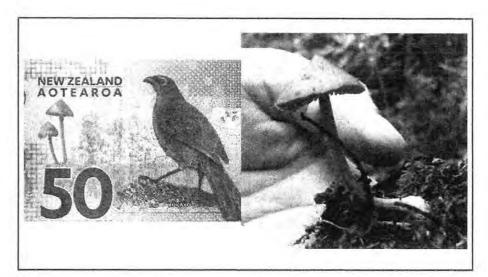
Does that balance fairly respective interests of different categories of ratepayers?

Did the sale reflect the HDC Property Strategy November 2015? "Recognition of the relationship, contribution to the community" do not appear in the strategy.

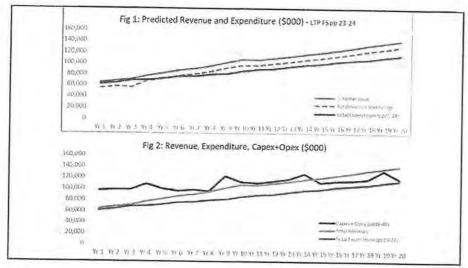


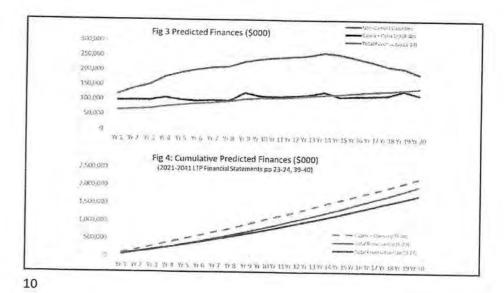


UTP 2021 - 2041



7





9

Assume

Assume

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Me

Recommendation 2:

Action: Introduce by the end of the 2021-22 Financial Year a "Capital Value" Rating System.

Horowhenua 🐷

Proposed Change to a Capital Value Rating System as part of the 2015-2025 Long Term Plan

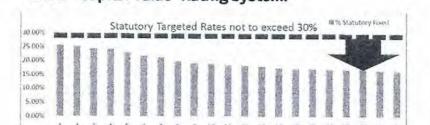
Council is proposing to change to a Capital Value rating system

Currently, General Rates and the Roading and Stormwater Rates are calculated based on the Land Value of a property.

Under Capital Value, rates would be calculated based on the value of the land plus what is built on the land (e.g. a house, shop, or factory). Council thinks that a rating system based on the total value of a property, not just the Land Value, is more appropriate.

11

Recommendation 2: Action: Introduce by the end of the 2021-22 Financial Year a "Capital Value" Rating System.



The statutory targeted rates shows the percentage of rates which are based on the property's capital value is decreasing. This means the percentage of fixed rates per household is increasing. Outcome: Properties with high capital value pay proportionally less rates than lesser valued properties... a gain for wealthy at the expense of the less-wealthy ratepayers.

13

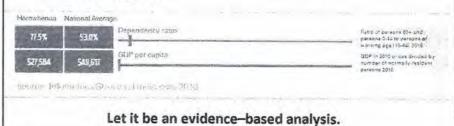
Recommendation 4:

Action: Provide mechanisms and accountability by 30 June 2022 Annual Plan, to promote the social, economic, environmental and cultural well-being of citizens and communities (Local Government Act) in the LTP 2021-41



Recommendation 3:

Action: Develop a policy by 30 April 2022 for 2022 Annual Plan, to provide a "rates affordability protocol or scale" for residents of Horowhenua to understand and submit upon.



14

Recommendation 5:

Action: Immediately withdraw the 13.5% overinflated rise in Employee Benefit Expenses (LTP Financial Statement p23)

Expenditure				
Employee benefit Expenses	15,771	17,812	18,364	18,632
	o one	n mare	* ***	1000

Recommendation 6:

Action: Address and provide data, evidence, policies on the following issues before introducing the 2022 Annual Plan

- a. <u>Action</u>: publish the data within 6 months of accepting the LTP of how the reform in the Three Water sector will impact on HDC's finances for the LTP.
- <u>Action</u>: publish the data within 6 months of accepting the LTP of how the reform in the Resource Management Act will impact on HDC's finances for the LTP.
- Action: Before the LTP is agreed, recalculate and disclose all LTP financials without Tokomaru's involvement.
- d. <u>Action</u>: Provide evidence to justify the intended outcomes re future of a (Levin) Landfill for Solid Waste Disposal.

17

18

Recommendation 6:

Annual Plan

Recommendation 7: Action: Do not move the debt level to 250% of the rate revenue. (Draft LTP 2021 2041 Consultation Document, p31) That debt amounts to \$11130.84 per ratepayer. Fig 3 Predicted Finances (\$000) Fig 3 Predicted Finances (\$000)

Recommendation 8: Action: Present transparent and accurately data. | Marginet Street Street

Action: Address and provide data, evidence, policies

on the following issues before introducing the 2022

e. Action: HDC must show proof the community is in total agreement with the

g. Action: Before accepting the LTP, Councillors pass a motion that HDC will not

of the project for revocation of the Oxford Street shopping precinct.

f. Action: Stop all development for the Levin Splashpad

be a developer anywhere in the Horowhenua.

research, justification and return on investment data, before commencement

Recommendation 9a:

Action: Do and show the maths that proves: "HDC advises they will provide affordable levels of service through prudent infrastructure management."

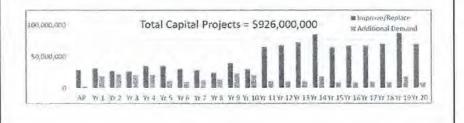
HDC plans to spend more than \$2.1 billion on infrastructure expenditure during the 20-year period.

Is \$105 million per year average is an affordable level of service?

Present in the LTP data that support the assumption that affordability to current ratepayers and residents is not compromised by growth.

Recommendation 9a:

Action: Do and show the maths that proves: "HDC advises they will provide affordable levels of service through prudent infrastructure management."



21

Recommendation 9b:

Action: Provide evidence of the <u>business plans</u> for the first 3 years of Capex and Opex so ratepayers know where HDC intends to provide infrastructure.

Forecast Funding Impact Statement (Whole of Council)

	AP 20202021 \$000	Yr1 2021/2022 \$000	Yr 2 2022/2023 \$000	Yr 3 2023/2024 \$000	Yr 4 2024/2025 \$000
Applications of Operating Funding					
Payments to staff and suppliers	39,663	44,350	45,595	48,179	47,923
Finance costs	3,202	2.907	3,538	4,085	4,587
Other operating funding applications					*
Total applications of operating funding (B)	42,865	47,257	49,133	52,265	52,480

Recommendation 9c:

HDC must specify where this addition funding <u>for</u> growth will come from before commencing actions to spend.

Present data that shows where additional funding is required (LTP FS pp 39-40)

Total growth projects to meet additional growth
Development Contributions will collect \$140 million

....

Shortfall

\$140 million

\$140 million cashflow deficit is covered how, by whom: Ratepayers?

Recommendation 10:

Operating surplus/Deficis

Action: Present accurate transparent information re Surplus/Deficit.

Action: Who is held accountable if the predicted surplus is not achieved?



25 Asset sales " cash flow" never pay

Recommendation 11:

Action: Taraika development should be abandoned if current ratepayers and residents are required to supply any additional finances.

What are the long-term costs: replacement costs for roads, drinking water, wastewater and stormwater pipes etc.

Basic information for a business plan (long-term benefits and liabilities).

"We currently have no such analysis" is a condemnation of the HDC planning team.

Recommendation 11:

Action: Taraika development should be abandoned if current ratepayers and residents are required to supply any additional finances.

Estimated cost

\$39 million cost (LTP CD p54)

Government supplies

\$13 million free grant

\$13 million low interest loan (who pays that back?)

Shortfall

\$13 million has not been secured.

26

Recommendation 12: Action: Correct anomalies in the Rating Database

assium	title	parcel	valinam	Fendval	ratas:	capual	imuvai
3/2	PS: 3	37693	TAB IDDULDON	\$650,000,00	Athles profines	-51,500,000,00	
34	PS: 750: 4	18735	AU02.000012-21		Willies Business	\$1,500,000.00	\$850,000.00
34	Lot 1 DP:	51607	1.4 (000030004		Unities Bunness	51,500,000.00	\$850,000.00
84	Lat 2 DP:	52543	ACCEPTAGE OF F		Italities Business	\$1,500,000.00	\$850,000,00
34	Sec: 150:	53544	14330003004		Unities Susiness	\$1,500,000.00	
	Lot 7160		14 (305-400)	\$1,180,000.00	Oblines Friedon Wa	\$1,640,000.00	\$260,000,00
	Lat: 1790	25,188	1433064000	\$1,380,000.00	Diditios Faxton We	\$1,640,000.00	\$260,000.00
5942	Lot: 724 0	26355	1432064000	\$1,380,000.00	Utilities I paton Wa		\$200,000.00
5942	Lot: 53 DP	27596	1,433064000	\$1,380,000.00	latifities Foxton Wi		\$260,000,00
5942	Lot: 730 ti	28367	1433964000		Unlities Foston W.		\$260,000.00
5947	tot: 733 0	15264	1433064000		Utilities Locton Wa		5260,000,00
	Let: 4 DP:	31185	1477007700	\$10,900,000.00	Hasiness	\$13,950,000,00	\$7,050,000,00
	tal: 2 DP:	31183	1477(907700	310,900,000.00	Business	\$13,950,000.00	53,050,000,00
11781	Lot: 1 DP:	31182	14/7007700	510,900,000.00	Husmess.	\$13,950,000.00	\$3,050,000.00
31781	Pln: 403A	31926	1477/07700	510,900,000.00	Business	\$13,950,000.00	\$3,050,000.00
31781	(Wr. 5A68)	11920	1477007700	\$10,900,000.00		\$13,950,000.00	\$3,050,000.00

Recommendation 13:

Action: Foxton Pool: Remove the building over the top of the pool and have a summer swimming.

A free swim day attracted only 6 swimmers; presumably extra staff were employed to provide safety.

Currently the operation costs ratepayers and residents "approximately \$63 per person per visit" to run the pool.

Recommendation 14:

Action: Infrastructure Funding: Introduce Development Contributions

Net number new / rated properties		2012 LTP values
2017-2020	Total	DCs not collected
Net number new rated properties	841	\$7,857,426
Building Consents issued	2868	\$21,450,773

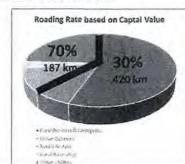
- \$21 million in Development Contributions was not collected by a 2015 Council decision. (... underestimate: no figures for 2016)
- Fiduciary Duty of Care was not exercised because the decision financially benefited one set or ratepayers (developers) at the expense of others (all ratepayers and residents).
- > NB: Not all developers are residents in the Horowhenua District.

29

Everyone uses all roads

Recommendation 15:

Action: Remove the Land Transport Differential (Targeted Rate) and the quoted statement that favours businesses.



Horowhenus District Council 2018-2038 Long Term Plan p265 states

HDC Councillors remove "The reason for a business differential being set up is dividing the community:

"To offer a lower rate in the dollar for businesses as an economic incentive to establish and remain in the Horowhenua District"

Fiduciary Duty of Care?

tokie Village pg full Land transport but pass along farmer the pay lass Recommendation 16:

Action: Remove the Business and Farming General Rate Differential

General Rate based on Land Value



The suggestion that farms have higher land values is biased and inaccurate.

Measure identical value of "values per square metre", not total numbers.

"To offer a lower rate in the dollar for businesses as an economic incentive to establish and remain in the Horowhenua District"

This is an issue where fiduciary duty of care is not being exercised fairly, the outcome is unjust, and may conflict with Human Rights Legislation.

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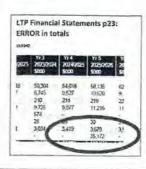
31

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Recommendation 17:

Action: Correct obvious mistakes: as there is a requirement to present accurate spelling and correct numbers.





33

Recommendation 19:

Action: Recover monies spent to provide "master plans for development" from developers.

- Plans are an asset and should be provided by the developer and accepted by Council. They should not be provided for free by residents and ratepayers.
- HDC has shown no expertise in development and has a track record of creating deficits (overspending)

Recommendation 18:

Action: Council explore and develop other growth funding protocols within six months of commencing the Long-Term Plan 2021-41 for all other developments in the district.

- > No plan, funding expenditure is set for promote safe environment.
- > Lake Horowhenua and non-compliant Queen Street drain.
- Working with NZTA for stormwater reticulation and storage.
- Mangaori and Kopotoroa Streams.
- > Industrial drains polluting Lake Horowhenua.
- > Pakiti and Arawhata stream restoration clean up.
- Non-compliant business pollution.
- Solid waste and long term landfill solutions.
- Sewage Treatment stations and water discharge.

Recommendation 20: NZTA submission for Tarika
Action: explore collaboration with NZTA to create a
combined water retention, pond and slow-release
scheme.

Currently surface water from Taraika flows through the Queen Street drains into Lake Horowhenua. Is this to continue or be diverted into the Kopotoroa Stream?

- Neither of these stormwater release processes have resource consent currently.
- o Stormwater from properties should be retained on site. Where does it go?
- Will Taraika development pollute the Lake Horowhenua?
- Questions for the mitigation of Lake Horowhenua or Kopotoroa stream?

Recommendation 21:

Action: Introduce, at the beginning of the 2021-2041 Long-Term Plan, Mandatory Project Accounting, with details of project income and expenditure, phasing, and timelines for the key outcomes.

Details to be made available at the Finance Audit and Risk Committee meetings.

The outcome is that stakeholders and interested parties can see exactly how much HDC has contributed to every project, precisely where that funding has been allocated, in an easily understood, accountable and transparent manner.

Follow up Action:

Participate - make your opinions known

Write submissions (more than 1 if necessary) include Fiduciary Duty of Care Policy

Copy and paste HDRRAI's submissions

Ask for speaking rights.

Closed door sessions cause concerns

Horowhenua District Councillor Sam Jennings isn't the only one suspicious of council meetings being held behind closed doors. Last week, Local Democracy Reporting revealed a Rotorua man has complained to the Office of the Ombudsman about Rotorua Lakes Council's refusal to provide detailed information on the content of its public-excluded workshops. Now, an information request reveals most New Zealand councils are holding dozens of closed-door workshops a year. A constitutional law expert says it is a "troubling black hole" in the transparency of local government, while a leader in the sector suggests change may be on the horizon. Local Democracy Reporter Felix Desmarais asks how much is the public missing out on in secret council workshops?

ictoria University of Wellington associate professor of law Dr Dean Knight can often be found in the capital's coffee shops wading through intricate issues of constitutional law.

When I call him from Rotorua, he's two double-shots into the day and his mind is sharp - or perhaps it's that Knight has been thinking about local government's issues with transparency for a while.

"It's a known and troubling black hole in the transparency framework." he says, almost before I can ask the question.

"Deliberative committees are where the action is and we should not put the spurious label of a workshop on it to avoid the public gaze."

He says the issue is widespread. "Local Government Minister Nanaial Mahuta should be really concerned by this."

The law has established a 'really good regime" around meetings, "making sure they are done transparently so the public can engage in them".

Workshops are in a kind of noman's land for local government law.



Because formal decisions aren't made in them, the public doesn't have the same access rights as they do for most official meetings. However, they're still a place where direction, debate and discussion can take place that lead to formal decisions.

"The problem comes because those workshops have been almost made systemic. Rather than being the exception, they have become the

It's "raw and naked debate" that gives democracy its legitimacy, he says. If the public sees the full process, they're more likely to tolerate a decision.

"Hiding in the shadows ... is problematic. It's not the ethos of local democracy.'

But maybe that 'raw and naked debate" is a little too raw and little



too naked for those in the business of organisational reputation risk management?

The answer, from Massey University's head of public relations Dr Chris Galloway, may be a surprise.

The justice system is based on open justice. That means justice is not only done but is to be seen to be done. The same is true with democracy. The default should be that it's an open forum unless there is a good reason for it not to be."

Galloway speaks slowly and clearly, with careful thought between each sentence.

Reputations are perceptions of trustworthiness".

Doing things behind closed doors. justified or not, can have a negative impact on the perception of councils. he says.

Poetically, Kāpiti District councillor Gwynn Compton is in a closeddoor briefing when I message him, via Twitter, asking if he's free to chat.

In November last year, Compton called for a Royal Commission of Inquiry on local government that would represent a wholesale reassessment of how the sector worked.

Compton says closed-door workshops "fuel a sense of distrust and scepticism" among the public.

"The whole idea of local democracy is that you have difficult discussions in public.

"There's a bit of fear in the sector. they're afraid about local democracy looking a bit messy."

People needed to see the "journey" it takes for elected representatives to arrive at a decision, he says.

"There's meant to be that tension between opposing points of view."

The former banker and public relations professional says the Royal Commission could include a rethink of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 (LGOIMA).

He says the act had to be more specific as there were varying interpretations of it among councils, and to ensure "the whole decisionmaking process gets played out in public".

Horowhenua District councillor Sam Jennings also wants a Royal Commission.

A lawyer by trade, the first-term councillor says closed-door meetings have been "a bit of a hobby horse" since he entered office in 2019. He's almost breathless, so he's keen to talk about it.

"It has struck me how many really important, substantive directions occur behind closed doors."

Jennings says, in his view, the discussion that goes on in confidential workshops results in council meetings that are "very vanilla" and just a rubber-stamping process.

He says workshops should be, by default, open to the public, and closed only when there is a "good reason" - such as the provisions for excluding the public that apply to some parts

continued on A12

Some in councils want more openness

continued from A11

of formal meetings.

Another problematic aspect of closed-door workshops was there being no formal record of the direction elected members gave to staff, he says.

He says some might argue there is a "chilling effect" on free and frank discussion if it is held in public, but Jennings doesn't buy that.

"If you're elected to public office, you've got to be accountable for your decisions and your comments. It doesn't mean you can't change your position down the track."

He says in his opinion there is a tendency in public bodies in New Zealand to not trust the public and seek to "control the flow of information"

That culture means people have to ask for information, rather than organisations proactively releasing it, he says.

"We don't trust [the public] to understand information. I honestly think that's wrong."

He had heard conversations in various settings where public officials or elected members would suggest not having conversations in writing because of the risk of official information requests.

He says LGOIMA reform would be "a good place to start" but he preferred Compton's idea of a Royal Commission.

"We need to start from a big picture review. Some stuffs got to change, eh?"

Local Government Minister Nanaia Mahuta, through a statement, says she expects councils to "know and respect" their transparency and accountability obligations under the LGOIMA.

She says a decision to exclude the public from a council meeting is a

"serious decision" and she expects councils to carefully consider the public interest in hearing a debate on an issue before moving into a public-excluded session.

"In general, I believe that councils ... understand the importance of maintaining transparency and open debate in their communities."

Questions about Mahuta's views on local government reform were not responded to in time for the deadline.

However, in November last year, she told a South Auckland-based Local Democracy Reporter there were a number of major issues to be looked at in the sector, and it "could be due for modernisation", which would include local government law.

National Party Local Government spokesman Christopher Luxon says in a statement it's vital councils are accountable to their communities.

"There may be times where closeddoor workshops are appropriate, including when councils need to receive commercially sensitive information.

"However, council decisionmaking should always be as public and transparent as possible."

Local Government New Zealand president Stuart Crosby's position on workshops is unequivocal.

"As a first principle, they should be open to the public.

"If workshops are closed to the public, there could be a public perception that councils are hiding something – and in my experience, they're actually not."

Informal meetings were valuable as a place for discussion, but



Local Government Minister Nanaia Mahuta says she expects councils to carefully consider the public interest in hearing a debate on an issue before moving into a publicexcluded session.

"confidentiality should be limited, as it is for a full council meeting".

He says the same rules for moving into public-excluded sessions should apply to informal meetings as well.

Echoing a similar comment from Jennings, Crosby, the former mayor of Tauranga, says he doesn't "buy" the argument that confidentiality fosters "full and frank conversations".

"If you want to say something you should be able to say it freely in the public arena."

He says in April there will be an announcement about a review into local government, which would investigate its guiding legislation and the provision of "sustainable funding

Counting closed doors

Local Democracy Reporting requested figures from 31 councils across the country on how many workshops they held in 2018, 2019 and 2020.

LDR also asked those councils how many of those workshops were not open to the public.

While councils variously called them workshops, forums or briefings, all were meetings where no formal decisions were made. From 937 workshops, 737 were not open to the public.

Hamilton City Council was the only council among the 31 which opened all its workshops to the public.

Taupō District Council had 105 open workshops out of 149, Waipa District Council held 108 of 199 workshops open to the public, and Hutt City Council had 69 of its 99 workshops in public.

Most councils – 23 – held all workshops over the three years in publicexcluded.

streams".

Crosby says it's likely issues such as confidential workshops and how they are covered by the LGOIMA would be traversed by that review.

April's announcement would cover the process and timeline of the review, as well as "who's involved", Crosby says.

In a statement through the council communications team, Rotorua mayor Steve Chadwick says workshops contribute to an in-depth understanding of issues that enable elected representatives to be effective.

"That is part of our democratic responsibility as elected representatives.

"Elected members represent the community in many different ways, including in workshops where the likes of long-term plans and the direction these should take and issues they should address are discussed."

"What emerges from these workshops, including information and direction that was provided, becomes public via formal meetings where proposals are presented and decisions are made following further

discussion and debate."

Transparency is "absolutely important", she says.

"In recent years the council has introduced many additional ways for people to stay up to date and engage with council work and decisionmaking.

"How elected members will work together and conduct themselves in their roles as representatives of the community — which includes how workshops will be conducted — is agreed by them following elections and becomes public in the form of a governance statement and code of conduct. I'm happy with that process."

Rotorua Lakes Council corporate planning and governance manager Oonagh Hopkins says the council has made a concerted effort to increase the amount of information hat goes out to the community.

That included livestreaming official meetings, a weekly newsletter, a quarterly magazine, and publishing information requests on the council website.

Page 131



Submission No. 4

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Submissions can be:



Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download

from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office. Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title:

Full Name: Diana Josephine Timms

Name of Organisation: Gt DJ Timms PS.

Farm Ltd.

Postal Address: 62 Pretoria Road

Palmerston North Post Code: 4474.

Telephone: 06 36 27829.

Mobile: 027 342 5477.

Email: ashbystud @ xtra-co-nz.

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

) Yes

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

) In person () zoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?

Yes



Do you require a translator?

) Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		V		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		V		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		V	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		V		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49

Tick below to identify your preferred option

		Read State	Sec. 2019			- 1
Option	1:	Indoor	and	Outdoor	Leisure Poo	IC

Option 2: Basic All-year Pool

Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure Pool

Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Pool

Option 5: Permanently Close Facility

Thelieve Option 2 is the most pratical. Is the population of hevin expands a need. for a new pool would be on the cards Debit is

more expense Option is.

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.

Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

The demand for intrastructure is going to be enormous if the new large Subdivisor goes ahead therefore I agree with Option 1.

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	I also Strongly think all
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	new houses should have
Roading	a large tank installed to
Water supply	supply toilets and outside
Wastewater treatment	taps. This would also help
Stormwater	with the stormwater as ros
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	Water would fill the tank I believe all homes shoul
have a water mater wh	uch would help conserve
the town water and	
use of this water to F.	I to 1/2
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposed community infrastructure. It is also proposing schemes means different contribution amounts would apply to additional contribution for major expenses related just could use such as everyone paying the same.	e-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is propose community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme means different contribution amounts would apply to additional contribution for major expenses related just	e-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you a	gree with this approach?
⊘ Yes	○ No

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

-	2.5-
O	Yes

1		7	N	0
	v	_	1.3	-

70	nır	- T W	ree
-			

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option



Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.



Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

 Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide). Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income. 	Tagree with Option 1. but the matter of Fully farmed lifestyle blocks needs to be addressed as I inderstand this affects Some farming operations Rates are uneconomical.
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy. Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
O Yes O No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

(7) Yes

No
INC

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

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Submission.

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received 3 pmPage 138



Submission No. 4 Horowhenua

If yes, please specify below:

Page 139

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions can be:	Contact Details	
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		s for your submission to be considered) o keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: Rhowa Name of Organisation: AB	
Emailed to: tp@horowhenua.govt.nz	RW Markenzie Brank	
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 75 Ma	oer NX hod where Road -
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō,	Telephone: 06 - 367 Mobile: 021-201	,
Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shapnon Library. Any additional comments can	Email: 6 an be a	3 14 15/
be attached and submitted with this form. Hearing of Submissions	on the Long Term Plan? Yes No	orowining District
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a	Do you require a sign language interpreter?	Do you require a translator? O Yes No

) Yes

OIn person Ozoom

Hearing?

O Yes

ONO

If yes, please specify below:

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred option	on				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure	Pool	-			
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure Po	loc				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Poo					
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

instead.

funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

contributions are collected and how.	
Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?	





Activities

What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?

_/	
61	Danding
W	Roading

Water supply

Wastewater treatment

Stormwater

 Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more. hess important them-

above of Dhich are really basic to healthy living. Roadway is absolute contract. Far too many deaths on the road. Drivery get sofowstrated.

Catchments

The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same.

Which approach do you think should be used?

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- O District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme.
- O Harmonisation; all required contributions are the same across the district.
- Other (please specify)

ve have no walls
here - Have bore
water - and no waskwal
People who use
scrvices should pay
to the
That is fair of
honest

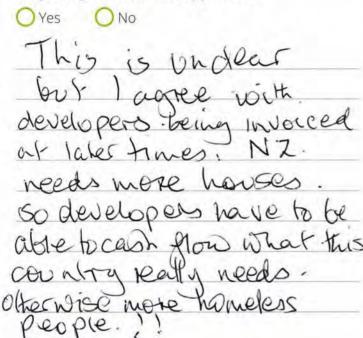
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Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

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- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?



Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

V Yes



Everyone benefits from
more houses being out
bend in NZ intrastricture
costs and building costs
are high compared to other
developed countries
if councils or gott, are not
going to build houses then
prival developers most
be an contaged

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

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Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Everyone shoold pay businesses are strangther in so many ways.

pastroulantly farming with more truste coops being loaded on then

Topic Four

putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

Have we got the balance right between rates

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
income.	Farmers are having more to more costs loaded outhanners do not have water or wage, they feed people here.
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	405.
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	Farmers and other voral
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	workers are strongering
O Yes O No	+ do not have true of
parksents a 7 das	a poot bostness no her and now for very
C	sto keep nising trising for sacrifices wall.
Financial Strategy	· ·
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and	horal couverls show (9 lobby govt. + media to stop advertisingt non sustainable produce

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

community?	7 ~ 7 & Can't waking.
O Yes O No	prof decisions to
Are we missing	7 7 7 R Coot making. Poor decisions for something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be? long term growth
NOT S	ore. On the one hand Developers are
	s bad people as are. Primary.
Produ	cers. However how is NZ going to-
hous	e and feed our growing population
with	of these important or stheres :
MSD	Without export of our princing produce NZ going to be able to sustain its bt which is rising to rising
how is	NZ going to be able to sustantin its
Nationable	of which is moing troing
Thank	you for
your su	bmission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609





Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form



Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

	Sul	bmi	SS	ions	can	be:
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Delivered to: Horowhenua District

Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

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Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Shannon Library.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

98

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title:

Full Name:

Name of Organisation:

Postal Address:

fuenue

Post Code: 4815

APR 7021

Telephone:

Mobile:

3491880

Email: sonjasharte hotmail.com

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

) Yes

No

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **Hearing?**

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

(In person () zoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?

Yes



Do you require a translator?

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 145

Foxton Pool

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Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	-			
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Topic Two

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Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contributions Policy at a hearing?	
contributions are collected and how.	

O Yes



Activities

What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?

- Roading
- Water supply
- Wastewater treatment
- Stormwater
- Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.

Catchments

The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing to use district-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which means different contribution amounts would apply to each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an additional contribution for major expenses related just to them, however there are other approaches Council could use such as everyone paying the same.

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- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?





Why did they stop it in the 1st place?

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





To		7		
10	4		r Fr	е.
	100			

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

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Page	1	48

Topic Four

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Tick below to identify your preferred option	
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Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
O√es O No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

) No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

FreePost 108609



Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540









Submission No

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Contact Details (You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Submissions can be:



Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download

from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office. Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Title: ////(S	1 14
Full Name: Serah	Chambers
Name of Organisation:	RECEIVED 2 1 APR 2021
	Horowitenus District Council

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Telephone: 0221922188

chambes puna a gmail. Com

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

() Yes

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?

() Yes



If yes, please specify below:

(In person () zoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 151

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	V	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
ick below to identify your preferred op	tion			1	
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	-			
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	-			
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	loc				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a cource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	2
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing	g to use district-wide contributions for roading and
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?





Re		•			•	
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The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





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Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

	Pa	ge	154	

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
_/	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential	
Differential that only applies to Farming properties	
with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1	
(District Wide).	
0.	
Option 2: Status Quo	
Rural properties (including all business in the rural	
zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income,	
District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates	
income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
bruit hereitae and rinding	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft	
Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the	
draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
Yes No	
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Financial Strategy	
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To deliver the projects and services planned over the	
next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual	
rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per	
year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4%	
for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to	
increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our	
operating income. Generally operational costs to run	
the business and renewals are funded by rates, and	
capital projects such as building new facilities and	
putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates	
increases and debt levels?	
increases and debt levels?	

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

D	Yes	0	No

Aro we missing	something, or	focusing on	something we	shouldn't be?
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Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609



Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540





Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **Hearing?**





If yes, please specify below:



Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	✓			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	V	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	V	1	V	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	V				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion	Sar	na,	Steam	100m
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	50	in 1		
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ool				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
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Do you agree with this approach?

0	Yes



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Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





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Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option



Option 1: Remove Differential

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Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? O Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels? Yes No	
0100	

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. 482

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form



Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Si	ub	m	SSI	on	s can	be:

Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Taker

Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to:

ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download

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Copies of the Consultation
Document for the Long Term
Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting
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or at Council's Office,
Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō,
Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and
Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title: MS

Full Name: Karyn Veronique Read

Name of Organisation:



Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?





O No

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?

O Yes



If yes, please specify below:

O In person

-	
() zoom
-	

Do you require a sign language interpreter?

O Yes



Do you require a translator?

O Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 163

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	V	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	V	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
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Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

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	utions Policy at a hearing?
O Yes O Mo	
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O Water supply	
O Wastewater treatment	
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Do you agree with this approach	ch?	appro	this a	with	agree	you	Do
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0	Yes

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Reductions

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Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

0	Yes

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Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

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Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? No	
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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes ONo	

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O Yes	O No

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540





Submission No. 484

RECEIVED

1 9 APR 2021

Horowhenua

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Submissions can be:

Delivered to:
Horowhenua District
Council Offices, Takeretanga o
Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe
Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

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Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and
Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form. (You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title: M2.

Full Name: Sotto

Contact Details

Name of Organisation:



Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

Yes

ONO

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?

O Yes



If yes, please specify below:

O In person

	1	
() zoom	
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Do you require a sign language interpreter?

Yes



Do you require a translator?

OYes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 169

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
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Splashpad	1		1		
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Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
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Wastewater treatment	
Størmwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme- means different contribution amounts would apply to e additional contribution for major expenses related just	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
Catchments The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing schemelmeans different contribution amounts would apply to eadditional contribution for major expenses related just could use such as everyone paying the same. Which approach do you think should be used?	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

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- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

Yes



Payment on issue of a baiding Consent makes
Sense,

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

Yes



In my opinion (9) is the most important factor. (6) is open to manipulation

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.

Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?





My observation indicates

and lack of quality control

and prinancial supervision.

harge amounts of Money

are not used in the nost

efficient way.

Efficiency seems ignored for

Convenience

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua

community?

Oves ONO Partialy.

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Communication has improved - thanks ! however we deserve to know the rationale behind many

decisions - the WHY!

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

Please note that submissions are public information. Information on this form including your name and submission will be made available to the media and public as part of the decision making process. Your submission will only be used for the purpose of the long term plan process. The information will be held by the Horowhenua District Council, 126 Oxford Street, Levin. You have the right to access the information and request its correction.

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Free 🔄



Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission,

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021 RECEIVED 1 9 APR 2021

Subm	issi	ions	can	be:
------	------	------	-----	-----

Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

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Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

HOROWHENUA DISTRICT COUNCIL (You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title:

Full Name:	Tong	Phill 2 13 14 75
		Provide B

Name of Organisation:

10	ncci	Draw H	
/	008 008	2 1 1	
	THE STATE OF THE S	Harowhenus District Council	

Telephone:

Mobile:

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

Yes

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a **Hearing?**

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

(In person () zoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?

) Yes



Do you require a translator?

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 175

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	ire Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool		DING	1	1 11	01
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool	TLUS	longe	t toll	es
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	ool		-		
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- **Option 1:** Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

Developers to pay
AND THE Development
infrastrue.

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Do you wish to speak to the Development Contrib	outions Policy at a hearing?
O Yes No	
Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
Catchments	
The Draft Development Contributions Policy is proposing community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme-by means different contribution amounts would apply to ea additional contribution for major expenses related just to could use such as everyone paying the same.	y-scheme contributions for the three waters, which ach scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
Which approach do you think should be used?	colored hu - colored
O District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas pay for major expenses related to them.	Full payment for Cost to council to be Park
O District-wide contributions for roading and community infrastructure. Scheme-by-scheme contributions for the three waters. Growth areas do not pay for major expenses related to them, these are spread out over the rest of the scheme.	de front by Developed before Sub-division Concent issued.
Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.	Payments for 3 water
Other (please specify)	Alion Reading plus
pools/hippaper/	Loun Hall.

Page 177

Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

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- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

All fees to counce! to be poind by developed before subdivision Concent

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

O Yes



developments.
Yes, to single section subdivious within closer areas to CBP

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

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Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

RUREROR Agriculture	L.
properties couse me	35
Rural poods, 77	teg
should by the	ul

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
O Yes O No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
O Yes O No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes	ONO
162	0110

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?			

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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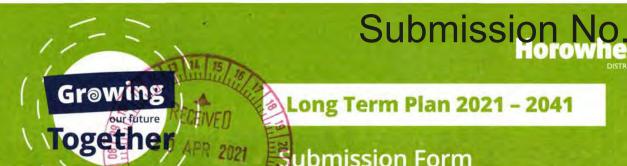
FreePost 108609





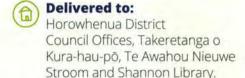


Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



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Council, Private Bag 4002,
Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/
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Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and
Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

1 9 APR 2021

Title: Mr. + Mrs +

Full Name: Neil Worren Folian Anne Savaage.

1 Ann

Name of Organisation:

Postal Address: 16 Hall Street

FOXTON Post Code: 4814

Telephone: 06 363 7480

Mobile: 021 299 1590 (New)

Email: jand n Savage a gmail. com

Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan? Think so bet

Oyes ONO Carit remember as it was a while back.

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish	h to present you	ır
submission	to Council at a	
Hearing?	,	

O Yes



If yes, please specify below:

O In person O zoom

Do you require a sign language interpreter?

O Yes



Do you require a translator?

O Yes



If yes, please specify below:

Page 181

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				4.5
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Q	Option	1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisure Poo)
0	Option	2: Basic All-year Pool	

- Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure Pool
- Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Pool
- Option 5: Permanently Close Facility

Make	Swe	the	build	ding	is
fit f	or p	upose	and	pro	perly
const	bucked	'ard	ch	eckid	(this
time)				

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
- Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.

single subdivisions major infrastructure be minimal hower	e should t
he minimal bouses	105.
DE MINIMON POWER	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	Rooding should be covered by the developer
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	-
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
community infrastructure. It is also proposing scheme- means different contribution amounts would apply to e additional contribution for major expenses related just	by-scheme contributions for the three waters, which each scheme area. The big growth areas will pay an
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Time of payment

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Do you agree with this approach?

Yes



Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
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Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

O Yes



\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	W 000	Som il	case
reduce	e in	exce	ptional
evam			

Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

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Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
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Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? O Yes No	
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increases and debt levels?

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Have we got the balance right between rates

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes

O No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Afordability of proposed outcomes, which should march budgeted income

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. Horowhenua

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form



Page 187

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Submissions can be:	Contact Details
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) O Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title:
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Name of Organisation: REPENS
Emailed to: Itp@horowhenua.govt.nz	8 2 1 APR 1901
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 492 HICKFORD ROAD RD 11, FOKTON Post Code: 4891
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Mobile: Email: houseofcapris@infogen.net.n.
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.	Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?	Do you require a sign language interpreter?	Do you require a translator? Yes No
O Yes No	O Yes No	If yes, please specify below:
If yes, please specify below:		
O In person O zoom		B 407

Topic One

Foxton Pool

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	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
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25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
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Splashpad	1		1		
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Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
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Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	loc)			
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♂ Water supply	
√ Wastewater treatment	-
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Do you agree with this approach?

_	/
V	Yes



Reductions

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Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

V	Yes

/	N.L.
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Topic Three

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

_		

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
O Yes No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

Yes

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

CONCENTRATE ON BASICS, GOOD CLEAN DRINKING WATER, WASTEWATER MANAGED EFFICIENTLY. LESS "FLUFFY" STUFF, BACK TO CORE PROVISIONS FOR ALL RESIDENTS | RATEPATERS | BUSINESSES

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609



Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540













Submission

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Submissions can be:

Delivered to:

Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.



Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540



ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download

from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office. Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered)

Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Title: M

Full Name: AJ PADSISON

Name of Organisation:



Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?

Yes

Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?





If yes, please specify below:



Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	V	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	1	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
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Multi-purpose room	✓				
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Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
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Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ol	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development ontributions should be collected for as a ource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Stormwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
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Time of payment

Normally development contributions are charged when granting development consents. That is early in the development process and developers can find it difficult to manage cash flows when there is still a lot to do before selling a lot or a new house.

The draft policy proposes to invoice developers at later times in the case of subdivision and building consents, closer to when lots and homes are to be sold as identified below.

- A subdivision consent, at the time of granting a certificate under section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and
- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?

	_
0	Yes



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	ed	_	_	-	

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





400			
Top	ic T	hre	e -

Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option

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Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	See appended subvission
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Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
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○ Yes ○ No	
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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
✓ Yes ✓ No	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes

⊘No

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

there needs to be much greater enghosis on planning for the effects of climate change and comprehensive plans to engage the whole of the district in the seriousness of climate change and the need to embrace action and change NOW

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission by Mr & Mrs AJ Paddison 208 Avenue Road Rd 11 Foxton 4891 Tel 063638528/021897413 Email ajpaddison@xtra.co.nz

AJ Paddison wishes to present this submission at a hearing of the Horowhenua District Council.

Our submission.

We strongly object to the proposed changes to the rating regime.

It is deplorable that the Council's consultative summary document(CS) is so superficial and does not mention one of the major impacts of the proposed changes, namely the move to rate smaller blocks of vacant rural land on the same basis as urban land for the General Rate.

This vacant land rating change has a significant impact on the rates payable on our property at 208 Avenue Road Foxton for 2021/2022 if the changes are implemented as proposed. Our property comprises a title with dwelling and three contiguous adjacent titles without any dwellings. In 2020/2021 we paid total rates of \$2982.07. For 2021/2022 the estimate from the council rating information base is that we will be liable for a total rate of \$4179.81. This is an increase of **40.1%**.

The General Rate(GR) comprised \$1762.07 in 2020/2021, **59.1%** of our rates, in 2021/2022 it will be \$2942.68, **70.4%** of our total rate bill. You should be aware that the average contribution to General Rates by all SUIPs in the District Wide category in 2020/2021 was \$574.04 (from the table on page 50 of the CS), so in 2020/2021 we paid 3.07x the average contribution to the GR and now you propose that it should be 5.12x.

This is truely astonishing inequity and hence our strong objection.

We do not get any extra amenity from contributing excessively to the GR and what justification is there for penalizing us because for 37 years we have chosen to live in a rural setting with space around us instead of on 500 sq metre section in a conurbation?

Please do not try to justify your actions as a disincentive to more farmland going into unproductive lifestyle blocks. Firstly a significant proportion of the land caught up in this change is being used for agriculture and secondly the council continues to facilitate the disappearance of land under houses, concrete and asphalt at an alarming rate instead of protecting the agricultural base and intensifying the urban areas.

Moving on to the information contained in pages 50-53 of the Council consultative document, we believe that the figures are either incorrect or a deliberate misrepresentation of the outcome of the changes.

Either way we believe this is a serious breach of the Council's duty to be accurate, honest and transparent in its dealings with its ratepayers.

I cannot understand how they can be claimed to give a true representation of the effect of the changes proposed on the following basis:

a) In the section labelled "Impact" on page 52, the comparison is now based on 17903 SUIPs as against the 17725 in the tables on page 50 an increase of 178. How can this be in an apples for apples comparison?

- b) Further the figures show that in addition to this increase, 161 SUIPs have transferred from Farming(F) and Rural Commercial(RC) to District Wide(DW), a total increase in DW of 339 from the 15565 on page 50.
- c) It should be possible to determine the total valuation base of the three elements of the council's impact analysis. The Impact figures given for each category divided by the marginal change between option 1 and option 2 should yield this if they are accurate.
 - i. For Farming: \$24365/.00001282 (.001535-.00152218) yields \$1900546022.
 - ii. For Rural Commercial: \$59653/.00150936 (.00304436-.001535) yields \$39522049.
 - iii. For District Wide: \$35288/.00001207 (.00305643-.00304436) yields \$2923612262.

This does not make sense when compared with the data on page 50.

P50 Rural land value

Farming and Rural Commercial land value above Difference

\$1940266100

\$1940068071

\$198029

For a decrease of 161 SUIPs this is only \$1230/ SUIP, a remarkably small figure.

Looking then at the District Wide figures

P50

Above

Difference

\$2923326300

\$2923612262

\$285962

According to the impact statement there has been an increase in SUIPs of 339. This then gives an average value per SUIP of \$844 for the additional 339 SUIPs, again an unbelievable figure given that from page 50 the average SUIP valuation is \$2923326300/15565 or \$187814.

Consider now the total land value of the rating base.

This is \$4863592400 according to page 50 and above it totals \$4863680333 a difference of \$87933.

Given this is supposed to be an apples for apples comparison they should be identical, how come they are not given we are supposed to considering the total rating base?

Now consider the situation highlighted by our personal rating information. This should have effected a transfer of \$785000 from Rural to District Wide. This is 3x greater than shown by the analysis of impact statement and we are only one ratepayer.

In our immediate neighbourhood there are by my estimate more than 10 ratepayers who own significant numbers of small vacant rural titles. On the basis of my valuations I would estimate that there could well be \$5,000,000 or more of land value that would be subject to similar re-rating among them. District wide this could well be of the order of \$100 million.

The question is why does all this not show up in the impact analysis?

What is going on here?

It is time that Councillors had a proper look at what the executive are doing and who is trying to fly under the radar. This is simply not good enough and there should be consequences if satisfactory explanations are not forthcoming.

Andrew Paddison



Submission No. 495

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be pro	vided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021
Submissions can be:	Contact Details 2 7 APR 321
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be consider O Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title:
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: CHEIS PHISPOTT Name of Organisation:
Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz	
Completed online or are available for download from Council's website: horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether	Postal Address: 15 TAGM AN ST LEVIN Post Code: 5510
Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō,	Telephone: Mobile: 021 2555547
Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	Email: chrispinipott 680 cmail.
Any additional comments can be attached and submitted	Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?
with this form.	O Yes O No
Hearing of Submissions	
Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a	Do you require a sign language interpreter? Do you require a translate

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a	Do you requi language int		O Yes O No	
Hearing? Yes No If yes, please specify below:	_	No	If yes, please specify below:	
O In person O zoom			Page 201	

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	1			
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25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
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Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area	1		1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool	-			
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Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

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Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?

Tick below to identify your preferred option.

- Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.
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Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

○ Yes ○ No	utions Policy at a hearing?
Activities	
Activities	
What activities do you think development contributions should be collected for as a source of funding growth infrastructure?	
 	
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Time of payment

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Do you agree with this approach?

0	Yes



Reductions

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- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

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Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

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Tick below to identify your preferred option

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Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

O Yes

ONO

Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

TO MUCH FORUS ON TANGRIA WHENUA, MORE FOCUS ON INFRATURATER & PART PATHS, ROAD, WATER, STICK TO CORE BUSENESS, REW IN CHARGE BY TRANSFER STATION

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609





Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. 496 Horowhenua

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

EZ	Jabinission	1001
Submissions must be pro	ovided to Council by no later than	4pm, Monday 19 April 2021
		RECEIVE
Submissions can be:	Contact Details	Horawhenus
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.		etails for your submission to be considered) ant to keep your contact details private
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002,	Full Name: Maria	& John Monk
Levin 5540	Name of Organisation:	
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A CONTRACT STATE OF THE CONTRACT STATE OF TH	Yes No	
learing of Submissions		
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If yes, please specify below:

O In person O zoom





If yes, please specify below:

Page 207

Foxton Pool

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O Yes No	
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Harmonisation: all required contributions are the same across the district.	
Other (please specify)	

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- A building consent, at the time the first building inspection is carried out.

Do you agree with this approach?			
Yes	○ No		
	unsure		

Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?

-	
Yes	O No

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Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Remove Differential All ratenavers pay the Land Transport Targeted	unsur

Rate based on capital value.

Option 2: Status Quo
Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

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Topic Four

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	again lan unsure
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide).	
Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy?	
○ Yes	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and	
putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt. Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes ONo	

Community Outcomes

Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?

-	
	Yes
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Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

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Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540



Submission No. 4

District Council

Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

Submission Form

Submissions must be provided to Council by no later than 4pm, Monday 19 April 2021

Submissions can be:

Delivered to:

Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Posted to:

Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540

Emailed to: ltp@horowhenua.govt.nz

Completed online or are available for download from Council's website:

horowhenua.govt.nz/ GrowingOurFutureTogether

Copies of the Consultation Document for the Long Term Plan 2021-2041 (and Supporting Information) are available online or at Council's Office, Te Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.

Any additional comments can be attached and submitted with this form.

Contact Details

(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered) Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private

Full Name: A Nita Joann

Name of Organisation:



Did you provide feedback as part of pre-engagement on the Long Term Plan?





Hearing of Submissions

Do you wish to present your submission to Council at a Hearing?

Yes



If yes, please specify below:

OIn person Ozoom



Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Page 213

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	1	V			
Outdoor provision – Seasonal			1	1	
25m Pool	1	1	1	1	
Leisure Pool	1		1		
Teacher/Toddler Pools	1	1	1	V	
Splashpad	1		1		
Upgrade change rooms	1	1	1	1	
Cover over Teaching/Toddler Pools	1		1	1	
Outdoor landscaping/BBQ area		/	1		
Multi-purpose room	1				
Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12,49
Tick below to identify your preferred op	tion				
Option 1: Indoor and Outdoor Leisu	re Pool				
Option 2: Basic All-year Pool					
Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic P	ool	-			
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility		-			

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Draft Development Contributions Policy

If Council reintroduces development contributions, the Draft Development Contributions Policy outlines what contributions are collected and how.

Activities	
What activities do you think development ontributions should be collected for as a ource of funding growth infrastructure?	
Roading	
Water supply	
Wastewater treatment	
Størmwater	
Community infrastructure such as parks, sportsfields, activity centres, playgrounds and more.	
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Do you agre	e with	this	appro	ach?
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1	Nos	
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Reductions

The draft policy proposes a limited scope for reducing development contributions once they are calculated for a development. This scope includes just two principles, that the development:

- a. provides a significant public benefit; or
- b. addresses significant affordability issues.

Before agreeing to any reduction, Council needs to be sure it can fund the income it forgoes from another source.

Do you agree with the proposed scope for reducing development contributions?





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Changes to the Land Transport Targeted Rate

Council is considering whether the differential on the Land Transport Targeted Rate should be removed. Currently there is a differential that means businesses only pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate. This was set up when businesses made up 38% of the capital values in the district. However, due to residential growth, businesses now only make up 30% of the district, but are still paying 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate.

Tick below to identify your preferred option



Option 1: Remove Differential

All ratepayers pay the Land Transport Targeted Rate based on capital value.



Option 2: Status Quo

Differential where businesses pay 35% of the Land Transport Targeted Rate and District Wide properties pay 65%.

Changes to the General Rate

Council is considering changes to the General Rate to enable rural properties to gain the same benefits from growth as urban properties. The existing differential treated non-farming properties the same as farms even though they do not have the same large footprint and land value.

Tick below to identify your preferred option	
Option 1: Creating a Farming differential Differential that only applies to Farming properties with a differential factor of 0.5 (Farming) to 1 (District Wide). Option 2: Status Quo Rural properties (including all business in the rural zone) pay 25% of the General Rate rates income, District wide pay 75% of the General Rates Rates income.	
Draft Revenue and Financing Policy	
Topics Three and Four propose changes to the draft Revenue and Financing Policy.	
Do you have any other comments about the draft Revenue and Financing Policy? O Yes No	
Financial Strategy	
To deliver the projects and services planned over the next 20 years, we are proposing the limit on annual rates increases to range between 4.6% and 7.5% per year for the first 10 years, with an average of 4.4% for the following 10 years. We are also proposing to increase our net debt limit from 195% to 250% of our operating income. Generally operational costs to run the business and renewals are funded by rates, and capital projects such as building new facilities and putting in new infrastructure is funded by debt.	
Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes No	

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Council has reviewed the community outcomes which are what we aim to achieve for our community. The outcomes are Vibrant Economy, Outstanding Environment, Fit for purpose Infrastructure, Partnership with Tangata Whenua and Strong Communities.

Do you think the proposed Community Outcomes reflect the aspirations of the Horowhenua community?





Are we missing something, or focusing on something we shouldn't be?

Thank you for your submission

Privacy Act 1993

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FreePost 108609







Horowhenua District Council Private Bag 4002 Levin 5540





Long Term Plan 2021 - 2041

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Submissions can be:	Contact Details 2 7 AFF
Delivered to: Horowhenua District Council Offices, Takeretanga o Kura-hau-pō, Te Awahou Nieuwe Stroom and Shannon Library.	(You must provide your contact details for your submission to be considered Please tick this box if you want to keep your contact details private Title:
Posted to: Horowhenua District Council, Private Bag 4002, Levin 5540	Full Name: John hawrence Name of Organisation:
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Do you wish	to present your
submission	to Council at a
Hearing?	/





If yes, please specify below:

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Do you require a sign language interpreter?





Do you require a translator?





If yes, please specify below:

Page 219

Topic One

Foxton Pool

The structure of the Foxton Pool needs to be replaced for health and safety reasons. There are five options for the community to consider.

	Option 1 All-Year Leisure	Option 2 All-Year Basic	Option 3 Seasonal Leisure	Option 4 Seasonal Basic	Option 5 Close the Pool
Indoor provision – All-year	✓	V			
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25m Pool	1	1	1	V	
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Rates impact	\$44.53	\$26.61	\$22.00	\$16.02	-\$12.49
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Option 3: Seasonal Outdoor Leisure	Pool				
Option 4: Seasonal Outdoor Basic Po	ool				
Option 5: Permanently Close Facility					

Topic Two

Infrastructure Funding: Development Contributions

Council is considering the reintroduction of Development Contributions as a key source of funding our growth infrastructure. Do you think this is a good idea?	
Tick below to identify your preferred option.	
Option 1: Using development contributions as the key source of funding for growth infrastructure, in combination with other sources.	
Option 2: Not using development contributions for funding growth infrastructure, and increasing rates instead.	
II ISLEAU.	

Draft Development Contributions Policy

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Do you agree with this approach?

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S	Yes



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Have we got the balance right between rates increases and debt levels?	
Yes ONO	

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